# **AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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# **Consolidated Financial Statements**

# **Consolidated Balance Sheets**

SECOM CO., LTD. and Subsidiaries March 31, 2018 and 2017

	Ir	n millions of yen	Translation into thousand of U.S. dollars (Note 2	
		March 31	March	
ASSETS	2018	2017	2018	
Current assets:				
Cash and Cash equivalents (Notes 5 and 22)	¥ 316,729	¥ 299,600	\$ 2,988,009	
Time deposits (Note 13)	9,593	9,562	90,500	
Cash deposits for armored car services (Note 6)	135,809	130,620	1,281,217	
Short-term investments (Notes 7 and 22)	. 17,211	29,224	162,368	
Notes and accounts receivable, trade	144,657	134,794	1,364,689	
Due from subscribers	49,789	46,467	469,708	
Inventories (Note 8)	82,058	62,686	774,132	
Short-term receivables (Notes 9, 13, 20 and 21)	27,930	26,074	263,491	
Allowance for doubtful accounts (Note 9)	. (1,807)	(1,821)	(17,047	
Deferred insurance acquisition costs (Note 14)	6,540	6,440	61,698	
Deferred income taxes (Note 17)	_	12,611		
Other current assets		17,595	182,717	
Total current assets	. 807,877	773,852	7,621,482	
Investments and long-term receivables: Investment securities (Notes 2 (7), 7, 13 and 22)	227,255	227,245	2,143,915	
Investments in affiliated companies (Note 10)		57,922	609,623	
Long-term receivables (Notes 9, 13, 20 and 21)		42,407	408,311	
Lease deposits		15,675	162,868	
Other investments		10,510	95,151	
Allowance for doubtful accounts (Note 9)		(4,178)	(40,547	
Allowance for doubtful accounts (Note 9)	358,208	349,581	3,379,321	
	330,200	319,301	3,37 3,32 1	
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 11, 13, 19 and 20):				
Land	113,916	115,210	1,074,679	
Buildings and improvements		329,631	3,215,302	
Security equipment and control stations	329,655	317,352	3,109,953	
Machinery, equipment and automobiles	150,528	143,789	1,420,075	
Construction in progress	7,479	7,683	70,557	
	942,400	913,665	8,890,566	
			(5,000,491	
Accumulated depreciation	(530,052)	(499,597)	(3,000,43)	
Accumulated depreciation	. (530,052)	(499,597) 414.068		
Accumulated depreciation	. (530,052) 412,348	(499,597) 414,068	3,890,075	
Other assets:	412,348	414,068	3,890,075	
Other assets:  Deferred charges (Note 2 (12))	412,348	414,068 42,606	3,890,075	
Other assets:  Deferred charges (Note 2 (12))	412,348 . 42,325 . 106,512	414,068 42,606 88,950	3,890,075 399,292 1,004,830	
Other assets:  Deferred charges (Note 2 (12))	412,348 . 42,325 . 106,512 . 57,027	42,606 88,950 50,726	3,890,075 399,292 1,004,830 537,991	
Other assets:  Deferred charges (Note 2 (12))	412,348 . 42,325 . 106,512 . 57,027 . 41,409	42,606 88,950 50,726 35,282	3,890,075 399,292 1,004,830 537,991 390,651	
Other assets:  Deferred charges (Note 2 (12))	412,348 . 42,325 . 106,512 . 57,027 . 41,409	42,606 88,950 50,726		

	In millions of yen			Translation into thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 3)	
			March 31	March 31	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		2018	2017		2018
Current liabilities:					
Bank loans (Notes 6 and 13)	¥	38,969	¥ 42,099	\$	367,632
Current portion of long-term debt (Notes 13, 19 and 21)		19,632	19,615		185,208
Notes and accounts payable, trade		44,901	46,280		423,594
Other payables		41,546	38,612		391,943
Deposits received (Note 6)		118,897	112,053		1,121,670
Deferred revenue		38,395	38,732		362,217
Accrued income taxes		25,994	27,615		245,226
Accrued payroll		36,531	32,084		344,632
Other current liabilities (Note 17)		34,792	36,822		328,226
Total current liabilities		399,657	393,912		3,770,348
Long-term liabilities:					
Long-term debt (Notes 13, 19 and 21)		50,299	54,149		474,519
Guarantee deposits received		32,109	32,529		302,915
Accrued pension and severance costs (Note 15)		29,384	29,636		277,208
Long-term deferred revenue		15,194	15,444		143,340
Unearned premiums and other insurance liabilities (Note 14)		114,814	110,018		1,083,151
Investment deposits by policyholders (Notes 14 and 21)		25,208	27,691		237,811
Deferred income taxes (Note 17)		26,530	33,815		250,283
Other long-term liabilities (Notes 21, 22 and 23)		14,445	14,616		136,274
Total long-term liabilities		307,983	317,898		2,905,501
Total liabilities		707,640	711,810		6,675,849

# Commitments and contingent liabilities (Note 24)

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Equity.			
SECOM CO., LTD. shareholders' equity (Note 18):			
Common stock			
Authorized—900,000,000 shares, issued 233,290,441 shares in 2018			
Authorized—900,000,000 shares, issued 233,288,717 shares in 2017	66,385	66,378	626,274
Additional paid-in capital	73,133	73,102	689,934
Legal reserve	10,733	10,632	101,255
Retained earnings	896,586	832,785	8,458,358
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):			
Unrealized gains on securities (Note 7)	22,797	22,529	215,066
Unrealized gains on derivative instruments (Note 23)	_	_	_
Pension liability adjustments (Note 15)	1,578	(3,492)	14,887
Foreign currency translation adjustments	2,814	1,039	26,547
	27,189	20,076	256,500
Common stock in treasury, at cost:			
15,030,573 shares in 2018 and 15,028,470 shares in 2017	(73,749)	(73,731)	(695,745)
Total SECOM CO., LTD. shareholders' equity	1,000,277	929,242	9,436,576
Noncontrolling interests	131,028	122,226	1,236,113
Total equity	1,131,305	1,051,468	10,672,689
Total liabilities and equity	¥1,838,945	¥1,763,278	\$17,348,538

# **Consolidated Statements of Income**

SECOM CO., LTD. and Subsidiaries Three years ended March 31, 2018

		In m	Translation into thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 3)	
		Years end	led March 31	Year ended March 31
	2018	2017	2016	2018
Net sales and operating revenue (Notes 14,18 and 22)	¥1,082,792	¥1,031,261	¥983,428	\$10,215,019
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of sales (Note 8)		709,962	674,533	7,079,453
Selling, general and administrative expenses (Notes 2 (17), 2 (18), 2 (19) and 4)	190,187	184,487	176,269	1,794,217
Impairment loss on long-lived assets (Note 11)		2,689	11,814	7,934
Impairment loss on goodwill (Note 12)		1,193	_	104
Gain and loss on sales and disposal of fixed assets, net	(1,504)	2,752	1,907	(14,189)
	939,957	901,083	864,523	8,867,519
Operating income	142,835	130,178	118,905	1,347,500
Other income:				
Interest and dividends		1,286	1,440	15,443
Gain on sales of securities, net (Notes 7 and 18)		391	1,480	2,236
Gain on private equity investments (Note 22)	5,884	13,887	1,718	55,509
Other (Notes 16, 18 and 23)	2,972	2,571	3,041	28,038
	10,730	18,135	7,679	101,226
Other expenses:				
Interest	1,236	1,369	1,388	11,660
Loss on other-than-temporary impairment of investment securities (Notes 18 and 22)	57	77	402	538
Other (Note 16)	1,482	1,644	2,333	13,981
	2,775	3,090	4,123	26,179
Income from continuing operations before income taxes and equity			•	
in net income of affiliated companies	150,790	145,223	122,461	1,422,547
Income taxes (Note 17):				
Current	54,225	43,449	39,135	511,557
Deferred	(6,118)	3,563	1,177	(57,717
	48,107	47,012	40,312	453,840
Income from continuing operations before equity in net income of				
affiliated companies		98,211	82,149	968,707
Equity in net income of affiliated companies (Note 18)	7,179	5,178	7,162	67,726
Net income	109,862	103,389	89,311	1,036,433
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(13,239)	(12,002)	(5,239)	(124,896
Net income attributable to SECOM CO., LTD.	¥ 96,623	¥ 91,387	¥ 84,072	\$ 911,537
	;			Translation into
			In yen	U.S. dollars (Note 3)
		Years end	led March 31	Year ended March 31
	2018	2017	2016	2018
Per share data (Note 2 (21)):				
Net income attributable to SECOM CO., LTD	¥442.70	¥418.71	¥385.19	\$4.18
·		¥140.00	¥130.00	\$1.42
Cash dividends per share (Note 18)		¥140.00	¥130.00	_

## **Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income**

SECOM CO., LTD. and Subsidiaries		In mi	Translation into thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 3)  Year ended March 31	
Three years ended March 31, 2018		Years ende		
•	2018	2017	2016	2018
Comprehensive income:				
Net income	¥109,862	¥103,389	¥89,311	\$1,036,434
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:				
Unrealized gains and losses on securities	256	4,600	(7,823)	2,415
Unrealized gains on derivative instruments	_	_	(9)	<del>_</del>
Pension liability adjustments	5,376	4,675	(6,402)	50,717
Foreign currency translation adjustments	1,952	(5,726)	(3,234)	18,416
Total comprehensive income	117,446	106,938	71,843	1,107,982
Less: Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(13,710)	(12,388)	(3,820)	(129,340)
Comprehensive income attributable to SECOM CO., LTD	¥103,736	¥ 94,550	¥68,023	\$ 978,642

# **Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity**

SECOM CO., LTD. and Subsidiaries Three years ended March 31, 2018

									In	millions of yen
	Number of shares issued	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Retained earnings	Accumulated other com- prehensive income (loss)	Common stock in treasury, at cost	Total SECOM CO., LTD. shareholders' equity	Noncontrolling interests	Total
Balance, March 31, 2015	. 233,288,717	¥66,378	¥73,442	¥10,401	¥716,487	¥32,962	(¥73,701)	¥ 825,969	¥113,198	¥ 939,167
Comprehensive income:										
Net income	_	_	_	_	84,072	_	_	84,072	5,239	89,311
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax (Note 18):						(7.411)		(7 41 1)	(412)	(7.022)
Unrealized gains on securities		_	_	_	_	(7,411)	_	(7,411)		(7,823)
Unrealized gains on derivative instruments Pension liability adjustments		_	_	_	_	(5) (5,752)	_	(5) (5,752)		(9) (6,402)
Foreign currency translation adjustments						(2,881)		(2,881)	(353)	(3,234)
Total comprehensive income						(2,001)	-	68,023	3,820	71,843
Cash dividends paid to SECOM CO., LTD. shareholders					(28.373)			(28,373)	3,020	(28,373)
Cash dividends paid to SECOM CO., ETD. Shareholders					(20,373)			(20,373)	(2,943)	(2,943)
Transfer to legal reserve			_	125	(125)	_	_	_	(2,545)	(2,545)
Equity transactions with noncontrolling interests and other				.23	(123)					
(Note 18)	_	_	(324)	_	_	_	_	(324)	(2,756)	(3,080)
Gains on disposal of treasury stock	. –	_	0	_	_	_	_	0	_	0
Net changes in treasury stock	. –	_	_	_	_	_	(17)	(17)	_	(17)
Balance, March 31, 2016	. 233,288,717	66,378	73,118	10,526	772,061	16,913	(73,718)	865,278	111,319	976,597
Net income	. –	_	_	_	91,387	_	_	91,387	12,002	103,389
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax (Note 18):										
Unrealized gains on securities		_	_	_	_	4,376	_	4,376	224	4,600
Unrealized gains on derivative instruments		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Pension liability adjustments		_	_	_	_	4,400	_	4,400	275	4,675
Foreign currency translation adjustments		_	_	_	_	(5,613)		(5,613)	(113)	(5,726)
Total comprehensive income							_	94,550	12,388	106,938
Cash dividends paid to SECOM CO., LTD. shareholders		_	_	_	(30,557)	_	_	(30,557)	_	(30,557)
Cash dividends paid to noncontrolling interests		_	_		(100)	_	_	_	(2,941)	(2,941)
Transfer to legal reserve Equity transactions with noncontrolling interests and other	_	_	_	106	(106)	_	_	_	_	_
(Note 18)			(16)					(16)	1.460	1,444
Gains on disposal of treasury stock			0					0	1,400	0
Net changes in treasury stock		_	_	_	_	_	(13)	(13)	_	(13)
Balance, March 31, 2017		66,378	73,102	10,632	832,785	20,076	(73,731)	929.242	122,226	1.051.468
Comprehensive income:	. 233,200,/1/	00,576	73,102	10,032	032,/03	20,076	(/3,/31)	929,242	122,220	1,031,406
Net income	_	_	_	_	96,623	_	_	96,623	13,239	109,862
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax (Note 18):					70,025			30,023	.5/255	100,002
Unrealized gains on securities	_	_	_	_	_	268	_	268	(12)	256
Unrealized gains on derivative instruments	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Pension liability adjustments	_	_	_	_	_	5,070	_	5,070	306	5,376
Foreign currency translation adjustments		_	_	_	_	1,775		1,775	177	1,952
Total comprehensive income							_	103,736	13,710	117,446
Issuance of new stocks	1,724	7	7	_	_	_		14	_	14
Cash dividends paid to SECOM CO., LTD. shareholders	_	_	_	_	(32,738)	_	_	(32,738)	_	(32,738)
Cash dividends paid to noncontrolling interests		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(5,381)	(5,381)
Transfer to legal reserve		_	_	101	(101)	_	_	_	_	_
Equity transactions with noncontrolling interests and other										
(Note 18)	_	_	24	_		_	_	24	473	497
Changes in the scope of application of the equity method		_	_	_	17	_	_	17	_	17
Gains on disposal of treasury stock Net changes in treasury stock		_	0		_	_	(18)	0 (18)	_	0 (18)
Balance, March 31, 2018	233,290,441	¥66,385	¥73,133	¥10,733	¥896,586	¥27,189	(¥73,749)	¥1,000,277	¥131,028	¥1,131,305

							Translation into	thousands of U.S	dollars (Note 3)
	Common	Additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Retained earnings	Accumulated other com- prehensive income (loss)	Common stock in treasury, at cost	Total SECOM CO., LTD. shareholders' equity	Noncontrolling interests	Total
Balance, March 31, 2017	\$626,208	\$689,642	\$100,302	\$7,856,462	\$189,396	(\$695,575)	\$8,766,435	\$1,153,075	\$ 9,919,510
Comprehensive income:									
Net income	_	_	_	911,538	_	_	911,538	124,896	1,036,434
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax (Note 18):									
Unrealized gains on securities		_	_	_	2,528	_	2,528	(113)	2,415
Unrealized gains on derivative instruments		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Pension liability adjustments		_	_	_	47,830	_	47,830	2,887	50,717
Foreign currency translation adjustments		_	_	_	16,746		16,746	1,670	18,416
Total comprehensive income							978,642	129,340	1,107,982
Issuance of new stocks	66	66	_	_	_	_	132	_	132
Cash dividends paid to SECOM CO., LTD. shareholders	_	_	_	(308,849)	_	_	(308,849)	_	(308,849)
Cash dividends paid to noncontrolling interests		_	_	_	_	_	_	(50,764)	(50,764)
Transfer to legal reserve	_	_	953	(953)	_	_	_	_	_
Equity transactions with noncontrolling interests and other									
(Notes 18)		226	_	_	_	_	226	4,462	4,688
Changes in the scope of application of the equity method		_	_	160	_	_	160	_	160
Gains on disposal of treasury stock	_	0	_	_	_	_	0	_	0
Net changes in treasury stock		_	_	_	_	(170)	(170)	_	(170)
Balance, March 31, 2018	\$626,274	\$689,934	\$101,255	\$8,458,358	\$256,500	(\$695,745)	\$9,436,576	\$1,236,113	\$10,672,689

# **Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

SECOM CO., LTD. and Subsidiaries Three years ended March 31, 2018

Sear			In mil	llions of yen	Translation into thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 3)
Cash Box from operating activities		Years ended March 31			Year ended March 31
Net income   Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities—  Depociation and amenitation, including ameritzation of deferred changes   74,985   78		2018	2017	2016	2018
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities—Deprecision and amortization, including amortization of deferred changes  (Notes 2(11), 2(12) and 12).  Accrued for persion and severence costs, less payments.  (77 78,955 78,183 72,481 74,4858 74,77)  (36) and loss consistes and desposal of fixed assets, net.  (10,541) 2,712 1,1815 74,7934 7					
Depectation and amontization, including amontization of deferred charges   Notes 2 (11), 2 (2) and 12), 2 (2) and 13, 2 (2) and 3 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)		¥109,862	¥103,389	¥ 89,311	\$1,036,434
Notes 2 (11.7 (2)) and 17   74,885   78,885   72,481   744,868   Accrual for person and severance costs, less payments					
Accusal for pension and severance costs, less payments	(Notes 2 (11) 2 (12) and 12)	78 955	78 183	72 481	744 858
Deferred income taxes	Accrual for pension and severance costs, less payments	977			
Impairment loss on long-lived assets (Note 11)   881   7,934					
Write-down on real estate inventories (Note 2)	Gain and loss on sales and disposal of fixed assets, net	(1,541)	2,712	1,815	(14,538)
Gain on private equity investments (Note 22)			,	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Impalment loss on goodwill (Note 12)			,		•
Gain on sales of securities, net (Notes 7 and 14) Loss on other-than-temporary impairment of investment securities (Notes 14 and 22) 199 12 549 1,877 Equity in net income of affiliated companies. (7,179) (5,178) (7,162) (67,726) Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisitions and disposals:  (Increase) decrease in cash deposits for armored car services. (8,292) (1,268) (9,741) (78,226) (Increase) decrease in investments and use from subscribers, net of allowances (8,292) (1,268) (9,741) (78,226) (Increase) decrease in investments and use from subscribers, net of allowances (8,292) (1,268) (9,741) (78,226) (Increase) decrease in inventories (1,3639) (187,364) (175,840) (Increase) decrease in inventories (1,3639) (187,364) (175,840) (Increase) (decrease) in order and counts payable (1,364) (1,				(1,/18)	
Loss on other-than-temporary impairment of investment securities (Notes 14 and 22).  Paguity in new income of affiliated companies.  Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisitions and disposals:  (Increase) decrease in escend deposits for among car services.  (Increase) decrease in ecewables and deposits for among car services.  (Increase) decrease in ecewables and deposits for among car services.  (Increase) decrease in ecewables and deposits for among car services.  (Increase) decrease in ecewables and due from subscribers, net of allowances.  (Increase) decrease in ecewables and accounts payable.  (Increase) decrease in increase and accounts payable.  (Increase) decrease in increase and accounts payable.  (Increase) decrease in increase and accounts payable.  (Increase) decrease in accounts payable.  (Increase) decrease in account payable.  (Increase) decrease in accounts payable.  (Increase) decrease in accounts payable.  (Increase) decrease in account payable.  (Increase) decrease in accounts payable.  (Increase) decrease) in payab			,	(2.101)	
Equity in net income of affiliated companies				. , ,	
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects from accusitions and disposils:   (Increase) decrease in cash deposits for amorted car services					•
Increase) decrease in inewntories   (8,22)   (1,268)   (9,741)   (78,260)   (Increase) decrease in inewntories   (18,639)   187   (2,455)   (175,540)   (175,640)   Increase (decrease) in obtes and accounts payable   (18,639)   34,35   646   (3,566)   (3,666)   (3,			(-, -,	( ) - /	<b>V</b>
Increase   decrease in inventories   (18,639   187   (2.455)   (175,840)     Increase   indeferred charges   (15,902)   (15,887)   (15,501)     Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable   (378)   3,435   646   (3,566)     Increase (decrease) in deposits received   (579)   (1,560)   (15)   (7,349)     Increase (decrease) in accruel income taxes   (2,441)   4334   599   (23,028)     Increase (decrease) in accruel income taxes   (2,441)   4334   599   (23,028)     Increase (decrease) in accruel income taxes   (4,762)   (4,741)   (1,023)   (1,070)   (4,472)     Increase in unearned preniums and other insurance liabilities   (4,764)   (4,762)   (4,762)   (1,073)   (4,772)     Increase in unearned preniums and other insurance liabilities   (4,764)   (4,762)   (4			(2,352)	3,642	(48,953)
Increase in deferred charges.  Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in deposits received.  5,962  Energy (decrease) in deposits received.  (779)  Increase (decrease) in accrued income taxes.  (2,441)  Increase (decrease) in accrued income taxes.  (2,441)  Increase (decrease) in accrued consumption tax.  (3,74)  Increase (decrease) in accrued consumption tax.  (4,74)  Increase in unearned premiums and other insurance labilities.  Increase (decrease) in accrued consumption tax.  (2,754)  Increase (decrease) in accrued consumption tax.  (3,754)  Net cash provided by operating activities.  Increase (decrease) in accrued consumption tax.  Increase (decrease) in accrued consumption tax.  (3,754)  Net cash provided by operating activities.  Increase (decrease) in accrued consumption tax.  Increase) decrease in the deposits of the accrued tax of the ac					
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable (13,566) Increase (decrease) in deposits received (15,666) (2985) (2985) (25,626) (25,626) (25,626) (2985) (25,626) (25,626) (25,626) (25,626) (25,626) (25,626) (25,626) (25,626) (25,626) (25,626) (25,626) (2985) (23,026) (25,626) (				. , ,	
Increase (decrease) in deposits received	Increase in deterred charges	(15,902)			
Decrease in deferred revenue	Increase (decrease) in deposits received	(3/8)	,		
Increase (decrease) in accrued income taxes. (2,4411 4,334 959 (23,028) Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received. (474 (10,23) (10,70) (44,472) Increase in unearned premiums and other insurance liabilities 4,796 4,479 5,984 45,245 (10,700) (10,70) (14,70) (14,70) (15,					
Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received					
Increase in unearned premiums and other insurance liabilities			,		
Other, net.         2,754         9,296         (473)         25,983           Net cash provided by operating activities:         133,257         178,623         142,851         1,257,142           Cash flows from investing activities:         (Increase) decrease in time deposits.         17         (50,000)         (51,000)         (51,000)         (51,000)         (51,000)         (51,000)         (52,000)         (53,751)         (51,000)         (53,751)         (51,000)         (53,751)         (51,000)         (53,751)         (51,000)         (53,751)         (51,000)         (53,751)         (51,000)         (53,751)         (51,000)         (53,751)         (51,000)         (53,751)         (51,000)         (53,751)         (51,000)         (53,751)         (51,000)         (53,751)         (51,000)         (53,751)         (51,000)         (64,000)         (73,000)         (64,000)         (73,000)         (64,000)         (73,000)         (73,000)         (73,000)	Increase in unearned premiums and other insurance liabilities	4,796			
Net cash provided by operating activities   133,257   178,623   142,851   1,257,142	Increase (decrease) in accrued consumption tax	1,924	(879)	(7,003)	18,151
Cash flows from investing activities:   (Increase) decrease in time deposits	Other, net		9,296	(473)	25,983
Cash flows from investing activities:   (Increase) decrease in time deposits	Net cash provided by operating activities	133,257	178,623	142,851	1,257,142
Increase   decrease in time deposits					
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment.   6,166   1,465   3,030   58,170     Payments for purchases of property, plant and equipment.   (513,751)   (51,222)   (59,454)     Payments for purchases of intangible assets.   (7,859)   (7,338)   (8,409)   (74,142)     Proceeds from sales and redemptions of investment securities (Note 7).   (69,365   43,290   55,036   654,387     Payments for purchases of investment securities (Note 7).   (69,365   43,290   55,036   654,387     Payments for purchases of investment securities (Note 7).   (69,1098   32,613)   (49,361)   (482,057)     (Increase) decrease in short-term investments   (11,150   22,83)   (241)   (10,849)     Acquisitions, net of cash acquired (Note 4).   (23,283)   (167)   (75,540)   (219,651)     (Increase) decrease in short-term receivables, net   (457)   (62)   (7)   (4,311)     Payments for long-term receivables, net   (457)   (62)   (7)   (4,311)     Payments for long-term receivables.   (840)   (760)   (639)   (7,925)     Proceeds from long-term receivables.   (1,224   1,721   1,218   11,547     Other, net   (50,839   190   472     Net cash used in investing activities.   (61,461)   (47,200)   (132,694)   (579,821)     Cash flows from financing activities   (9,613   8,407   9,357   90,689     Repayments of long-term debt   (9,613   8,407   9,357   90,689     Repayments of long-term debt   (20,582)   (20,059)   (15,197)   (194,170)     Increase (decrease) in investment deposits by policyholders   (24,833   (2,112)   (469)   (23,425)     Dividends paid to sECOM CO, LITD, shareholders   (32,738)   (30,557)   (28,373)   (308,849)     Dividends paid to noncontrolling interest holders   (10,70)   (13)   (16)   (160)     Other, net   (17)   (17)   (17)   (17)   (17)   (17)     Effect o	(Increase) decrease in time deposits	172	(70)	(517)	1,623
Payments for purchases of intanglible assets	Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	6,166	1,465	3,030	58,170
Proceeds from sales and redemptions of investment securities (Note 7)         69,365         43,290         55,036         654,387           Payments for purchases of investment securities         (51,098)         (32,613)         (49,361)         (482,057)           (Increase) decrease in short-term investments         (1,150)         (2,283)         (241)         (10,849)           Acquisitions, net of cash acquired (Note 4)         (23,283)         (167)         (7,540)         (219,651)           (Increase) decrease in short-term receivables, net         (457)         (60)         (7)         (4,311)           Payments for long-term receivables.         (840)         (760)         (639)         (7,925)           Proceeds from long-term receivables.         (840)         (760)         (639)         (7,925)           Proceeds from long-term decivables.         (841)         (47,200)         (132,694)         (579,821)           Cash flows from financing activities.         (61,461)         (47,200)         (132,694)         (579,821)           Cash flows from financing activities.         (61,461)         (47,200)         (132,694)         (579,821)           Cash flows from financing activities.         (80,483)         8,407         9,357         90,689           Repayments of long-term debt         (20,582					
Payments for purchases of investment securities   (51,098)   (32,613)   (493,61)   (10,649)					
(11,150)   (2,283)   (241)   (10,849)					
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired (Note 4).       (23,283)       (167)       (73,540)       (219,651)         (Increase) decrease in short-term receivables, net       (457)       (62)       (7)       (4,311)         Payments for long-term receivables.       (840)       (760)       (639)       (7,925)         Proceeds from long-term receivables.       1,224       1,721       1,218       11,547         Other, net.       50       839       190       472         Expected from long-term debt used in investing activities.       (61,461)       (47,200)       (132,694)       (579,821)         Cash flows from financing activities:       9,613       8,407       9,357       90,689         Repayments of long-term debt.       (20,582)       (20,009)       (15,197)       (194,170)         Increase (decrease) in bank loans, net.       (3,378)       (13,528)       8,691       (31,868)         Increase (decrease) in investment deposits by policyholders.       (2,483)       (2,112)       (469)       (23,425)         Dividends paid to SECOM CO., LTD. shareholders.       (32,738)       (30,557)       (28,373)       (30,8849)         Dividends paid to noncontrolling interests.       (5,426)       (3,556)       (2,208)       (51,189)         Payments for acquisition of sh					
Commons   Comm				, ,	
Payments for long-term receivables.         (840)         (760)         (639)         (7,925)           Proceeds from long-term receivables.         1,224         1,721         1,218         11,547           Other, net.         50         839         190         472           Net cash used in investing activities.         (61,461)         (47,200)         (132,694)         (579,821)           Cash flows from financing activities.         8         8         9,813         8,407         9,357         90,689           Repayments of long-term debt         9,613         8,407         9,357         90,689           Repayments of long-term debt         (20,582)         (20,059)         (15,197)         (194,170)           Increase (decrease) in bank loans, net.         (3,378)         (13,528)         8,691         (31,868)           Increase (decrease) in investment deposits by policyholders.         (2,483)         (2,112)         (469)         (23,425)           Dividends paid to SECOM CO., LTD. shareholders.         (32,2738)         (30,557)         (28,373)         (30,8849)           Dividends paid to second construction of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from noncontrolling interests.         (5,426)         (3,556)         (2,208)         (51,189)           Payments for acquisition of shares of c			, ,		
Proceeds from long-term receivables.         1,224         1,721         1,218         11,547           Other, net.         50         839         190         472           Net cash used in investing activities.         (61,461)         (47,200)         (132,694)         (579,821)           Cash flows from financing activities:         Proceeds from long-term debt.         9,613         8,407         9,357         90,689           Repayments of long-term debt.         (20,582)         (20,059)         (15,197)         (194,170)           Increase (decrease) in bank loans, net.         (3,378)         (13,528)         8,691         (31,868)           Increase (decrease) in investment deposits by policyholders.         (2,483)         (2,112)         (469)         (23,425)           Dividends paid to sECOM CO., LTD. shareholders.         (32,738)         (30,557)         (28,373)         (308,849)           Dividends paid to noncontrolling interests.         (5,426)         (3,556)         (2,208)         (51,189)           Payments for acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from noncontrolling interest holders.         (5,426)         (3,556)         (2,208)         (51,189)           Proceeds from sales of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to noncontrolling interest holders.         —         618         —         —					
Net cash used in investing activities   (61,461) (47,200) (132,694) (579,821)			1,721		11,547
Cash flows from financing activities:         Proceeds from long-term debt       9,613       8,407       9,357       90,689         Repayments of long-term debt       (20,582)       (20,059)       (15,197)       (194,170)         Increase (decrease) in bank loans, net       (3,378)       (13,528)       8,691       (31,868)         Increase (decrease) in investment deposits by policyholders       (2,483)       (2,112)       (469)       (23,425)         Dividends paid to SECOM CO., LTD. shareholders       (32,738)       (30,557)       (28,373)       (308,849)         Dividends paid to noncontrolling interests.       (5,426)       (3,556)       (2,208)       (51,189)         Payments for acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from noncontrolling interest holders.       (120)       (489)       (846)       (1,132)         Proceeds from sales of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to noncontrolling interest holders.       —       618       —       —         Increase in treasury stock, net.       (17)       (13)       (16)       (160)         Other, net.       94       1,464       65       887         Net cash used in financing activities.       (55,037)       (59,825)       (28,996)       (519,217)         Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents <td>Other, net</td> <td> 50</td> <td>839</td> <td>190</td> <td>472</td>	Other, net	50	839	190	472
Cash flows from financing activities:         Proceeds from long-term debt       9,613       8,407       9,357       90,689         Repayments of long-term debt       (20,582)       (20,059)       (15,197)       (194,170)         Increase (decrease) in bank loans, net       (3,378)       (13,528)       8,691       (31,868)         Increase (decrease) in investment deposits by policyholders       (2,483)       (2,112)       (469)       (23,425)         Dividends paid to SECOM CO., LTD. shareholders       (32,738)       (30,557)       (28,373)       (308,849)         Dividends paid to noncontrolling interests.       (5,426)       (3,556)       (2,208)       (51,189)         Payments for acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from noncontrolling interest holders.       (120)       (489)       (846)       (1,132)         Proceeds from sales of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to noncontrolling interest holders.       —       618       —       —         Increase in treasury stock, net.       (17)       (13)       (16)       (160)         Other, net.       94       1,464       65       887         Net cash used in financing activities.       (55,037)       (59,825)       (28,996)       (519,217)         Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents <td>Net cash used in investing activities</td> <td> (61,461)</td> <td>(47,200)</td> <td>(132,694)</td> <td>(579,821)</td>	Net cash used in investing activities	(61,461)	(47,200)	(132,694)	(579,821)
Proceeds from long-term debt         9,613         8,407         9,357         90,689           Repayments of long-term debt         (20,582)         (20,059)         (15,197)         (194,170)           Increase (decrease) in bank loans, net         (3,378)         (13,528)         8,691         (31,868)           Increase (decrease) in investment deposits by policyholders         (2,483)         (2,112)         (469)         (23,425)           Dividends paid to SECOM CO., LTD. shareholders         (32,738)         (30,557)         (28,373)         (308,849)           Dividends paid to noncontrolling interests         (5,426)         (3,556)         (2,208)         (51,189)           Payments for acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from noncontrolling interest holders         (120)         (489)         (846)         (1,132)           Proceeds from sales of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to noncontrolling interest holders         —         618         —         —           Increase in treasury stock, net         (17)         (13)         (16)         (160)           Other, net         94         1,464         65         887           Net cash used in financing activities         (55,037)         (59,825)         (28,996)         (519,217)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash eq					
Repayments of long-term debt.       (20,582)       (20,059)       (15,197)       (194,170)         Increase (decrease) in bank loans, net       (3,378)       (13,528)       8,691       (31,868)         Increase (decrease) in investment deposits by policyholders.       (2,483)       (2,112)       (469)       (23,425)         Dividends paid to SECOM CO., LTD. shareholders.       (32,738)       (30,557)       (28,373)       (308,849)         Dividends paid to noncontrolling interests.       (5,426)       (3,556)       (2,208)       (51,189)         Payments for acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from noncontrolling interest holders.       (120)       (489)       (846)       (1,132)         Proceeds from sales of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to noncontrolling interest holders.       —       618       —       —         Increase in treasury stock, net.       (17)       (13)       (16)       (160)         Other, net.       94       1,464       65       887         Net cash used in financing activities.       (55,037)       (59,825)       (28,996)       (519,217)         Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents       370       (980)       (806)       3,490         Net increase in cash and cash equivalents       17,129       70,618       (19,645) <td></td> <td>9.613</td> <td>8.407</td> <td>9.357</td> <td>90.689</td>		9.613	8.407	9.357	90.689
Increase (decrease) in bank loans, net	Repayments of long-term debt	(20,582)			
Increase (decrease) in investment deposits by policyholders	Increase (decrease) in bank loans, net	(3,378)			(31,868)
Dividends paid to noncontrolling interests	Increase (decrease) in investment deposits by policyholders	(2,483)	(2,112)	(469)	(23,425)
Payments for acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from noncontrolling interest holders.         (120)         (489)         (846)         (1,132)           Proceeds from sales of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to noncontrolling interest holders.         —         618         —         —           Increase in treasury stock, net.         (17)         (13)         (16)         (160)           Other, net.         94         1,464         65         887           Net cash used in financing activities.         (55,037)         (59,825)         (28,996)         (519,217)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         370         (980)         (806)         3,490           Net increase in cash and cash equivalents         17,129         70,618         (19,645)         161,594           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         299,600         228,982         248,627         2,826,415					
interest holders.         (120)         (489)         (846)         (1,132)           Proceeds from sales of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to noncontrolling interest holders.         —         618         —         —           Increase in treasury stock, net.         (17)         (13)         (16)         (160)           Other, net.         94         1,464         65         887           Net cash used in financing activities.         (55,037)         (59,825)         (28,996)         (519,217)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         370         (980)         (806)         3,490           Net increase in cash and cash equivalents         17,129         70,618         (19,645)         161,594           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         299,600         228,982         248,627         2,826,415		(5,426)	(3,556)	(2,208)	(51,189)
Proceeds from sales of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to noncontrolling interest holders.         —         618         —         —           Increase in treasury stock, net.         (17)         (13)         (16)         (160)           Other, net.         94         1,464         65         887           Net cash used in financing activities.         (55,037)         (59,825)         (28,996)         (519,217)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         370         (980)         (806)         3,490           Net increase in cash and cash equivalents         17,129         70,618         (19,645)         161,594           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         299,600         228,982         248,627         2,826,415		(120)	(400)	(0.46)	(1.122)
interest holders         —         618         —         —           Increase in treasury stock, net         (17)         (13)         (16)         (160)           Other, net         94         1,464         65         887           Net cash used in financing activities         (55,037)         (59,825)         (28,996)         (519,217)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         370         (980)         (806)         3,490           Net increase in cash and cash equivalents         17,129         70,618         (19,645)         161,594           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         299,600         228,982         248,627         2,826,415		(120)	(409)	(040)	(1,132)
Increase in treasury stock, net		_	618	_	<u> </u>
Other, net         94         1,464         65         887           Net cash used in financing activities         (55,037)         (59,825)         (28,996)         (519,217)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         370         (980)         (806)         3,490           Net increase in cash and cash equivalents         17,129         70,618         (19,645)         161,594           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         299,600         228,982         248,627         2,826,415				(16)	(160)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         370         (980)         (806)         3,490           Net increase in cash and cash equivalents         17,129         70,618         (19,645)         161,594           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         299,600         228,982         248,627         2,826,415					
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         370         (980)         (806)         3,490           Net increase in cash and cash equivalents         17,129         70,618         (19,645)         161,594           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         299,600         228,982         248,627         2,826,415	Net cash used in financing activities	(55.037)	(59.825)	(28 996)	(519 217)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents         17,129         70,618         (19,645)         161,594           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         299,600         228,982         248,627         2,826,415			. , , ,		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         299,600         228,982         248,627         2,826,415					
	·				
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year       \$316,729       \$299,600       \$228,982       \$2,988,009				-	
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	¥316,729	¥299,600	¥228,982	\$2,988,009

## **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

SECOM CO., LTD. and Subsidiaries Three years ended March 31, 2018

#### 1. Nature of Operations

The parent company and its subsidiaries (collectively "the Company") are engaged in the businesses of security services, fire protection services, medical services, insurance services, geographic information services, BPO and ICT services, and real estate and other services. With these services combined, the Company is focusing on the establishment of a Social System Industry, a network of integrated services and systems, targeted at the needs of people and business.

The Company's principal business activities are security services, including on-line security systems for commercial and residential premises, static guard services, armored car services for cash collection and deposit and sales of security merchandise. The Company has also been diversifying its services covering: fire protection services, including automatic fire alarm systems and fire extinguishing systems; medical services, including home and other medical services and the operations of variable interest entities of which the Company is the primary beneficiary through managing hospitals and health care-related institutions; non-life insurance services; geographic information services using geographic information systems (GIS) and surveying and measuring technology; BPO and ICT services, including data center services, business continuity plan support, information security services and cloud-based services; as well as Business Process Outsourcing ("BPO") related services; real estate and other services, including the development and sale of condominiums equipped with security and contingency planning features, lease of real estate, construction and installation services and other services.

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

The parent company and its Japanese subsidiaries maintain their records and prepare their statutory financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan ("Japanese GAAP"). Certain adjustments and reclassifications have been incorporated in the accompanying financial statements to conform with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP"). These adjustments were not recorded in the statutory books of account.

Significant accounting policies used in the preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements are summarized below:

## (1) Basis of Consolidation and Investments in Affiliated Companies

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the parent company and those of its majority-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Investments in companies in which the ability to exercise significant influence exists (generally 20 to 50 percent owned companies), are accounted for under the equity method. Consolidated income includes the Company's current equity in the net income of affiliated companies, after elimination of intercompany profits.

#### (2) Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities

The consolidated financial statements also include variable interest entities ("VIEs") of which the Company is the primary beneficiary.

The Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 810, "Consolidation," issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") requires the reporting entity to consolidate a variable interest entity ("VIE") as its primary beneficiary when it is deemed to have a controlling financial interest in a VIE, meeting both of the following characteristics:

- The power to direct activities of a VIE that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance.
- The obligation to absorb losses of the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE or the right to receive benefits from the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE.

The Company provides investments, loans and guarantees to organizations managing hospitals and health care-related institutions, to a company holding real estate, and to a PFI (Private Finance Initiative) organization which was established to build, maintain and operate correctional facilities. Certain of these organizations are considered VIEs under ASC 810.

Total assets and liabilities held by VIEs of which the Company is the primary beneficiary were ¥74,539 million (\$703,198 thousand) and ¥84,029 million (\$792,726 thousand), respectively, at March 31, 2018, and ¥73,742 million and ¥85,325 million, respectively, at March 31, 2017. The creditors of VIEs do not have recourse to the Company's general credit with the exception of debts guaranteed by the Company. Total assets and liabilities held by VIEs of which the Company holds significant variable interests but is not the primary beneficiary were ¥29,232 million (\$275,774 thousand) and ¥27,699 million (\$261,311 thousand), respectively, at March 31, 2018, and ¥29,778 million and ¥28,628 million, respectively, at March 31, 2017. The Company's assets in the consolidated balance sheets and the Company's maximum exposure to losses related to VIEs at March 31, 2018 and 2017 were ¥6,415 million (\$60,519 thousand) and ¥5,997 million, respectively.

## (3) Revenue Recognition

The Company generates revenue principally through the sales of merchandise and services in the areas of security services, fire protection services, medical services, insurance services, geographic information services, BPO and ICT services, and real estate and other services under separate contractual arrangements. The Company recognizes revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, title and risk of loss have been transferred to the customer, the sales price is fixed or determinable, and collectibility is probable.

Revenue from term service contracts, including security services, is recognized over the contractual period or, in the case of specific services, when such services are rendered. Subscribers are generally requested to prepay a portion of service charges, especially for security services, which are credited to deferred revenue and recognized in income ratably over the covered service period. Revenue from the installation of security equipment used to provide on-line centralized security services is deferred and recognized over the contractual period of security services after completion of the installation. The related installation costs are also deferred and amortized over the contractual period (Note 2 (12)).

The Company enters into arrangements with multiple elements, which may include any combination of security equipment, installation and security services. The Company allocates revenue to each element based on its relative fair value if such element meets criteria for treatment as a separate unit of accounting as prescribed in ASC 605, "Revenue Recognition." Otherwise, revenue is deferred until the undelivered elements are fulfilled as a single unit of accounting.

Revenue from sales of merchandise and software is recognized when the merchandise and software are received by the customer and, in the case of installations, when such installations are completed.

Revenue from construction contracts is principally recognized when construction is completed.

Revenue from long-term contracts for fire protection services and geographic information services is principally recognized under the percentage-of-completion method.

Property and casualty insurance premiums are earned ratably over the terms of the related insurance contracts. Unearned premiums are earned ratably over the terms of the unexpired portion of premiums written.

Revenue from sales of real estate is recognized when the title of the real estate is transferred to the customer.

Revenue from sales of equipment under sales-type leases is recognized at the inception of the lease. Unearned income on sales-type leases and direct-financing leases is recognized over the life of each respective lease using the interest method. Leases not qualifying as sales-type leases or direct-financing leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related revenue is recognized over the lease term.

Taxes collected from customers and remitted to governmental authorities on revenue-producing transactions are accounted for on a net basis and therefore are excluded from net sales and operating revenue in the consolidated statements of income.

### (4) Foreign Currency Translation

All asset and liability accounts of foreign subsidiaries and affiliates are translated into Japanese yen at the rates of exchange in effect at year-end and all income and expense accounts are translated at average rates of exchange during the year. The resulting translation adjustments are accumulated and reported as part of other comprehensive income (loss).

Foreign currency receivables and payables of the Company are translated into yen at the rate in effect at the balance sheet date and the resulting translation gains and losses are credited or charged to foreign currency income/expenses for the year.

#### (5) Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statements of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with initial maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

## (6) Investments in Debt and Equity Securities

The Company classifies investments in debt and equity securities as "available-for-sale" or "held-to-maturity." The Company has no securities classified as "trading." "Held-to-maturity" securities are those securities in which the Company has the ability and intent to hold the security until maturity. All securities not included in "trading" or "held-to-maturity" are classified as "available-for-sale" securities. Marketable debt and equity securities which are classified as "available-for-sale" are recorded at fair value. Unrealized holding gains and losses on securities classified as "available-for-sale" are reported as part of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax. Debt securities classified as "held-to-maturity" are reported at amortized cost.

A decline in the fair value of any available-for-sale securities below cost that is deemed to be other-than-temporary results in a reduction in the carrying amount to fair value. The impairment is charged to income and a new cost basis for the securities is established. To determine whether an impairment is other-than-temporary, the Company considers the length of time and extent to which the market value of the security has been less than its original cost, the financial condition, other specific factors affecting the market value, deterioration of the credit condition of the issuers, and whether or not the Company is able to retain the investment for a period of time sufficient to allow for the anticipated recovery in market value.

Other investments in non-public companies, except for private equity investments, are recorded at cost as fair value is not readily determinable. The Company periodically evaluates the values of other investments in non-public companies for possible impairment by taking into consideration the financial and operating conditions of the issuer, the general market conditions in the issuer's industry and the period of the decline in the estimated fair value and other relevant factors. If the impairment is determined to be other-than-temporary, other investments in non-public companies are written down to their impaired value through a charge to income.

Realized gains or losses on the sale of investments are based on the moving-average cost method and are credited or charged to income.

#### (7) Private Equity Investments

The Company accounts for private equity investments in accordance with ASC 946, "Financial Services—Investment Companies," in which investments are accounted for at fair value based on the Company's assessment of each underlying investment. The investments, by their nature, have little or no price transparency.

Investments are initially carried at cost as an approximation of fair value. Adjustments to carrying value are made if there is evidence of a change in fair value. Downward adjustments are also made, in the absence of third-party transactions, if it is determined that the expected realizable value of the investment has declined below the carrying value.

The carrying value of private equity investments was ¥29,815 million (\$281,274 thousand) and ¥49,738 million at March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Private equity investments are included in investment securities in the consolidated balance sheets.

## (8) Inventories

Inventories, consisting of security-related products, fire protection-related products, real estate and other related products, are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined, in the case of real estate, based on the specific identification method and, in the case of other inventories, primarily using the moving-average method.

#### (9) Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company recognizes an allowance for doubtful accounts to ensure trade, short-term and long-term receivables, and other receivables are not overstated due to uncollectibility. Allowance for doubtful accounts is maintained for all customers based on a variety of factors, including the length of time receivables are past due, macroeconomic conditions, significant one-time events and historical experience. An additional reserve for individual accounts is recorded when the Company becomes aware of a customer's inability to meet its financial obligations, such as in the case of bankruptcy filings or deterioration in the customer's operating results or financial position. If circumstances related to customers change, estimates of the recoverability of receivables would be further adjusted.

#### (10) Deferred Insurance Acquisition Costs

Costs that vary with and are primarily related to acquiring new insurance policies are deferred and amortized principally over the premium-paying period of the related insurance policies applying a percentage relationship of cost incurred to premiums from contracts issued to applicable unearned premiums throughout the period of the contract.

#### (11) Property, Plant and Equipment and Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, including significant leasehold improvements, are carried at cost and depreciated at rates based on the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method for assets other than security equipment and control stations. Security equipment and control stations are depreciated using the declining-balance method. Assets leased to others under operating leases are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives. Depreciation expense was ¥54,127 million (\$510,632 thousand), ¥53,677 million and ¥50,098 million for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Maintenance, repairs and renewals are charged to income as incurred.

The estimated useful lives of depreciable assets are as follows:

Buildings 22 to 50 years
Security equipment and control stations 5 to 8 years
Machinery, equipment and automobiles 2 to 20 years

The Company recognizes asset retirement obligations if the fair value of the obligations can be reasonably estimated. Asset retirement obligations include those for which an entity has a legal obligation to perform an asset retirement activity, however, the timing and/or method of settling the obligation are conditional on a future event that may or may not be within the control of the entity.

Performance of a contractual asset retirement obligation is required for the building leased by a certain subsidiary when the lease matures and the Company returns the leased building to its owner. However, the Company plans not to relocate from the building and to continue to use it until it will be demolished without restoration. As such, the execution of such obligation is not expected. The Company evaluated all the available evidence as of March 31, 2018 and performed efforts to establish the best estimate. However, the scope and the amount of execution of the obligation cannot be reasonably estimated. Therefore, an asset retirement obligation for that building lease is not recognized.

## (12) Deferred Charges

Deferred charges primarily consist of costs related to installation services of security equipment used to provide on-line security systems. The installation costs are deferred and amortized using the straight-line method over the contractual period of security services after completion of the installation. Amortization expense was ¥15,529 million (\$146,500 thousand), ¥15,596 million and ¥15,129 million for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

## (13) Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets

In accordance with ASC 360, "Property, Plant and Equipment," the Company reviews the carrying amount of its long-lived assets held and used, other than goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives, and assets to be disposed of, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Long-lived assets to be held and used are reviewed for impairment by comparing the carrying amount of the assets with their estimated future

undiscounted cash flows. If it is determined that an impairment loss has occurred, the loss would be recognized during the period, and calculated as the difference between the assets' carrying amount and the fair value. Long-lived assets that are to be disposed of other than by sale are considered held and used until they are disposed of. Long-lived assets that are to be disposed of by sale are reported at the lower of their carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell. Reductions in the carrying amount are recognized in the period in which the long-lived assets are classified as held for sale.

#### (14) Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill represents the excess of costs over the fair value of assets of business acquired. Pursuant to ASC 350, "Intangibles—Goodwill and Other," goodwill and intangible assets acquired in a purchase business combination and determined to have an indefinite useful life are not amortized, but instead tested for impairment at least annually. This accounting standard also requires that intangible assets with estimable useful lives be amortized over their respective estimated useful lives to their estimated residual values, and reviewed for impairment in accordance with ASC 360. The Company conducts its annual impairment test each fiscal year.

#### (15) Unearned Premiums and Other Insurance Liabilities

Unearned premiums are related to unexpired periods of insurance contracts and are earned on a pro-rata basis over the remaining contract period. Other insurance liabilities consist principally of liabilities for unpaid claims and adjustment expenses, which are estimates of payments to be made on reported claims and incurred but not reported claims, which are computed based on past experience for unpaid losses.

## (16) Income Taxes

Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, and operating loss carryforwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences and carryforwards are expected to be realized or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. Valuation allowances are recorded to reduce deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that a tax benefit will not be realized.

The Company recognizes in the consolidated financial statements the impact of a tax position, if any, based on the technical merits of the position, when that position is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination. The benefit of the tax position is measured at the largest amount of benefit that has greater than 50 percent likelihood of being realized upon settlement with the appropriate tax authority.

The Company recognizes interest and penalties accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in income taxes in the consolidated statements of income.

### (17) Research and Development

Research and development costs are charged to income as incurred. Research and development expenses included in selling, general and administrative expenses for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were ¥6,383 million (\$60,217 thousand), ¥6,491 million and ¥6,771 million, respectively.

#### (18) Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are charged to income as incurred, except for the costs related to insurance policies. Advertising costs for acquiring new insurance policies are deferred and amortized as part of insurance acquisition costs. Advertising expenses included in selling, general and administrative expenses for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were ¥5,011 million (\$47,274 thousand), ¥5,072 million and ¥4,388 million, respectively.

#### (19) Shipping and Handling Costs

Shipping and handling costs included in selling, general and administrative expenses for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were  $\pm$ 1,380 million ( $\pm$ 13,019 thousand),  $\pm$ 1,220 million and  $\pm$ 1,213 million, respectively.

#### (20) Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company accounts for derivative financial instruments in accordance with ASC 815, "Derivatives and Hedging."

The Company recognizes all derivative financial instruments in the consolidated financial statements at fair value regardless of the purpose or intent for holding them. Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments are either recognized periodically in income or in equity as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) depending on whether the derivative financial instruments qualify for hedge accounting, and if so, whether they qualify as a fair value hedge or a cash flow hedge. Changes in the fair values of derivative financial instruments accounted for as a fair value hedge are recorded in income along with the portion of the change in the fair value of the hedged item that relates to the hedged risk. Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments accounted for as a cash flow hedge, to the extent it is effective as a hedge, are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax. Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments not qualifying as a hedge are reported in income.

The Company meets the documentation requirements necessary for effective hedges which include the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. In addition, formal assessment is made at inception of the hedge and periodically on an on-going basis, as to whether the derivatives used in hedging activities are highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items. Hedge accounting is discontinued for ineffective hedges, if any. Changes in fair value of discontinued hedges are recognized in income

#### (21) Per Share Data

Basic Earnings per Share ("EPS") is computed based on the average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. The average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 was 218,260 thousand shares, 218,261 thousand shares and 218,263 thousand shares, respectively. There were no potentially dilutive shares outstanding during the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 or 2016.

Cash dividends per share shown in the accompanying consolidated statements of income are computed based on dividends approved and paid in each fiscal year.

#### (22) Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires management of the Company to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the carrying amounts of inventories, deferred insurance acquisition costs, investment securities, other investments, property, plant and equipment, goodwill, other intangible assets, unearned premiums and other insurance liabilities, valuation of receivables, valuation allowances for deferred income taxes, valuation of derivative instruments, assets and obligations related to employee benefits, asset retirement obligations, income tax uncertainties, and other contingencies.

#### (23) Recent Pronouncements

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers." This accounting standard requires an entity to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. This accounting standard also requires an entity to disclose sufficient information to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. Both qualitative and quantitative information is required. This accounting standard was originally planned to be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, however, in August 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-14, which defers the effective date of ASU No. 2014-09 for one year. Therefore, this accounting standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period, and will be adopted by the Company in the fiscal year beginning April 1, 2018. This accounting standard may be applied retrospectively to each prior period presented or retrospectively with the cumulative effect recognized at the date of initial application. The Company is currently evaluating the transition method and the effect of adopting this accounting standard on its consolidated financial statements.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-17, "Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes." This accounting standard requires deferred tax assets and liabilities be classified as noncurrent on the balance sheet. This accounting standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and was adopted by the Company in the fiscal year beginning April 1, 2017. Prior periods were not retrospectively adjusted.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-01 "Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities." This accounting standard significantly changes the income statement impact of equity investments, and the recognition of changes in fair value of financial liabilities when the fair value is elected. This accounting standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period, and will be adopted by the Company in the fiscal year beginning April 1, 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the effect of adopting this accounting standard on its consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02 "Leases." This accounting standard requires lessees to recognize almost all lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet that arise from lease contracts which are classified as operating leases. This accounting standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within that reporting period, and will be adopted by the Company in the fiscal year beginning April 1, 2019.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, "Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments." This accounting standard replaces the current incurred loss methodology that delays recognition of the full amount of credit losses until the loss was probable of occurring with a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit loss estimates. This accounting standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, including interim periods within that reporting period, and will be adopted by the Company in the fiscal year beginning April 1, 2021.

In October 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-16, "Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory." This accounting standard eliminates the exception for an intra-entity transfer of an asset other than inventory which prohibits the recognition of current and deferred income tax until the asset has been sold to an outside party and requires an entity to recognize the income tax consequences when the transfer occurs. This accounting standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period, and will be adopted by the Company in the fiscal year beginning April 1, 2018.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-04, "Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment." This accounting standard eliminates Step 2 from the goodwill impairment test. Instead, the amendments require an entity to perform its annual, or interim, goodwill impairment test by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount and recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value. This accounting standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, including interim periods within that reporting period, and will be adopted by the Company in the fiscal year beginning April 1, 2021.

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-07, "Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost." This accounting standard requires an entity to disaggregate the service cost component from the other components of net benefit cost, and present the service cost component in the same line item or items as other compensation costs arising from services rendered by the pertinent employees during the period. The other components of net benefit cost are required to be presented in the income statement separately from the service cost component, such as in other income (expenses). This accounting standard allows only the service cost component to be eligible for capitalization. This accounting standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period, and will be adopted by the Company in the fiscal year beginning April 1, 2018.

#### (24) Discontinued Operations

ASC 205-20, "Discontinued Operations," requires the operating results of any component of an entity with its own identifiable operations and cash flows which is disposed of or is classified as held for sale, and with which the Company will not have significant continuing involvement to be reported in discontinued operations.

#### (25) Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the accompanying consolidated financial statements for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 have been reclassified to conform to the presentation used for the year ended March 31, 2018.

#### 3. U.S. Dollar Amounts

U.S. dollar amounts have been included in these financial statements solely for the convenience of the reader. The translations of yen into U.S. dollars have been made at the rate of ¥106=US\$1, the approximate rate prevailing on the Tokyo Foreign Exchange Market on March 31, 2018. These translations should not be construed as representing that the yen amounts actually constitute, or have been or could be converted into U.S. dollars at that rate.

#### 4. Acquisitions

#### Acquisition of TMJ, Inc.

On October 2, 2017, the Company acquired 100% of common shares outstanding of TMJ, Inc. for ¥26,550 million (\$250,472 thousand) in cash. The purpose of this acquisition is to increase corporate value through generating various synergies including further improvements in quality of existing business and development and provision of new BPO (Business Process Outsourcing) services by taking full advantage of the collective strengths of SECOM and TMJ.

The following table summarizes the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition.

	In millions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
Cash and cash equivalents	¥ 2,654	\$ 25,038
Cash deposits for armored car services	3,803	35,877
Other current assets	290	2,736
Investments and long-term receivables	1,642	15,490
Property, plant and equipment	1,262	11,906
Intangible assets, including goodwill	24,919	235,085
Total assets acquired	34,570	326,132
Current liabilities	5,075	47,877
Long-term liabilities	2,945	27,783
Total liabilities assumed	8,020	75,660
Net assets acquired	¥26,550	\$250,472

Intangible assets of ¥7,448 million (\$70,264 thousand) subject to amortization include customer relationships of ¥6,796 million (\$64,113 thousand) with a 15-year useful life. The goodwill of ¥17,471 million (\$164,821 thousand) represents expected excess earnings power based on the future business operations. It is not deductible for tax purposes and has been assigned to the BPO and ICT services segment.

The Company recorded the acquisition costs of ¥274 million (\$2,585 thousand) related to this acquisition in selling, general and administrative expenses for the year ended March 31, 2018.

The following unaudited pro forma information shows the Company's consolidated results of operations for the years ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 as if the newly consolidated subsidiaries acquired in the year ended March 31, 2018, were consolidated on April 1,2016.

	In thousands of U.S. dollars		
		Years ended March 31	Year ended March 31
Unaudited	2018	2017	2018
Pro forma net sales and operating revenue	¥1,099,655	¥1,066,938	\$10,374,104
Pro forma net income attributable to SECOM Co., Ltd	97,714	92,070	921,830
		In yen	In U.S. dollars
		Years ended March 31	Year ended March 31
Unaudited	2018	2017	2018
Pro forma net income attributable to SECOM Co., Ltd. per share	¥447.69	¥421.83	\$4.22

The unaudited pro forma data is not necessarily indicative of the Company's consolidated results of operations that would actually have been reported if the transaction in fact had occurred on April 1, 2016, and is not necessarily representative of the Company's consolidated results of operations for any future period.

## 5. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents at March 31, 2018 and 2017 comprise the following:

	In m	nillions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
		March 31	March 31
	2018	2017	2018
Cash	¥304,415 12,165	¥281,433 18,004	\$2,871,839 114,764
Call loan Investment securities	— 149	— 163	 1,406
	¥316,729	¥299,600	\$2,988,009

Investment securities include negotiable certificates of deposit and money management funds. These agreements mature within three months and their carrying values approximate fair value. The Company has not experienced any losses through default of the financial institutions and does not anticipate default of any outstanding agreements.

## 6. Cash Deposits for Armored Car Services

The Company operates cash collection and deposit services for financial institutions relating to cash dispensers located outside of financial institution facilities and also operates cash collection and delivery services for entities other than financial institutions. Cash deposit for armored car services balances are segregated from cash and cash equivalents and are restricted as to use by the Company. The Company funds most of the cash for such operations through bank overdrafts and deposits. Bank loans and deposits received, which relate to these operations, were ¥21,940 million (\$206,981 thousand) and ¥113,830 million (\$1,073,868 thousand), respectively, at March 31, 2018, and ¥22,704 million and ¥107,878 million, respectively, at March 31, 2017. As part of its fee arrangement, the Company is reimbursed for the interest cost of the related overdrafts.

#### 7. Short-Term Investments and Investment Securities

Short-term investments (current) and investment securities (noncurrent) include debt and equity securities. The related aggregate fair value, gross unrealized gains, gross unrealized losses and costs pertaining to "available-for-sale" and "held-to-maturity" investments at March 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

							In mi	llions of yen
	_						Mare	ch 31, 2018
	_			Gros	s un	realized		
		Cost		Gains		Losses		Fair value
Short-term investments: Available-for-sale: Debt securities Held-to-maturity: Debt securities		¥ 16,319 —	¥	902	¥	<sup>4</sup> 10	1	¥ 17,211 —
		¥ 16,319	¥	902	¥	10	2	¥ 17,211
Investment securities: Available-for-sale: Equity securities Debt securities Held-to-maturity:		105,423	¥	31,714 2,799	¥	175 913		¥ 66,610 107,309
Debt securities		13,006		1,546	_			14,552
		¥153,500	¥	36,059	¥	1,088	-	¥188,471
							In mi	llions of yen
	_						Mai	rch 31, 2017
				Gros	s un	realized		
		Cost		Gains		Losses		Fair value
Short-term investments: Available-for-sale: Debt securities Held-to-maturity: Debt securities		¥ 28,051		¥ 1,174 —		¥ 1		¥ 29,224 —
		¥ 28,051		¥ 1,174		¥ 1		¥ 29,224
Investment securities: Available-for-sale:								· ·
Equity securities		¥ 33,892		¥27,885		¥ 57		¥ 61,720
Debt securities Held-to-maturity: Debt securities		88,199 13,058		5,347 1,404		231		93,315
Debt securities		¥135,149		¥34,636		¥288		¥169,497
		+133,147		+3+,030		TZ00		+105,757
						In thous		f U.S. dollars
-							Mare	ch 31, 2018
		C+	_		s un	realized		Estavalos
Short-term investments: Available-for-sale: Debt securities Held-to-maturity:	\$	Cost 153,953	\$	Gains 8,509	\$	Losses 94	\$	Fair value 162,368
Debt securities		_		_		_		_
	\$	153,953	\$	8,509	\$	94	\$	162,368
Investment securities: Available-for-sale:		-						
Equity securities  Debt securities  Held-to-maturity:	\$	330,858 994,557	\$2	99,189 26,405	\$	1,651 8,613		628,396 ,012,349
Debt securities		122,698		14,585		_		137,283
	\$1	,448,113	\$3	40,179	\$1	0,264	\$1	,778,028

Gross unrealized losses on, and fair value of, "available-for-sale" and "held-to-maturity" securities, aggregated by investment category and the length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position at March 31, 2018 are as follows:

			In m	nillions of yen	
			Ma	rch 31, 2018	
	Less tha	an 12 months	12 mor	nths or longer	
	Fair value	Gross unrealized losses	Fair value	Gross unrealized losses	
Available-for-sale:					
Equity securities  Debt securities	¥ 1,482 45,507	¥ 157 923	¥— —	¥— —	
	¥46,989	¥1,080	¥—	¥—	
Held-to-maturity: Debt securities	¥ —	¥ —	¥—	¥—	
			In thousands	of U.S. dollars	
			Ma	rch 31, 2018	
	Less tha	an 12 months	12 months or longer		
	Fair value	Gross unrealized losses	Fair value	Gross unrealized losses	
Available-for-sale: Equity securities Debt securities	\$ 13,981 429,311	\$ 1,481 8,708	\$— —	\$— —	
	\$443,292	\$10,189	\$—	\$—	
Held-to-maturity: Debt securities	\$ —	\$ <b>—</b>	\$—	\$—	

Based on the Company's ability and intent to hold the investments for a reasonable period of time sufficient for a recovery of fair value, the credit condition of the issuers and other relevant factors, the Company does not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at March 31, 2018.

At March 31, 2018, debt securities principally consisted of short-term investments in monetary trusts, Japanese government bonds, corporate bonds, U.S. treasury securities and U.S. Government Agency Bonds.

The cost and fair value of "available-for-sale" and "held-to-maturity" debt securities by contractual maturity at March 31, 2018 are as follows:

			In	millions of yen
			M	arch 31, 2018
	A۱	vailable-for-sale	He	ld-to-maturity
	Cost	Fair value	Cost	Fair value
Due within 1 year Due after 1 year	¥ 16,319	¥ 17,211	¥ —	¥ —
through 5 years Due after 5 years	80,476	81,122	1,510	1,558
through 10 years	7,335	7,480	_	_
Due after 10 years	17,612	18,707	11,496	12,994
	¥121,742	¥124,520	¥13,006	¥14,552

					I	n thousand	ds of l	J.S. dollars
						N	/larch	31, 2018
		А	vail	able-for-sale		H	leld-to	o-maturity
		Cost		Fair value		Cost		Fair value
Due within 1 year Due after 1 year	\$	153,953	\$	162,368	\$	_	\$	_
through 5 years Due after 5 years		759,208		765,302		14,245		14,698
through 10 years		69,198		70,566		_		_
Due after 10 years		166,151		176,481	1	08,453	1	122,585
	\$1	,148,510	\$1	,174,717	\$1	22,698	\$1	137,283

During the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, the net unrealized gains and losses on "available-for-sale" securities included as part of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, increased by ¥268 million (\$2,528 thousand), increased by ¥4,376 million and decreased by ¥7,411 million, respectively.

Proceeds from the sale of "available-for-sale" securities for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were ¥26,488 million (\$249,887 thousand), ¥15,574 million and ¥21,397 million, respectively. On those sales, the gross realized gains and gross realized losses, using a moving-average cost basis, for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

		In m	In th	nousands of U.S. dollars
			Years ended March 31	Year ended March 31
	2018	2017	2016	2018
Gross realized gains Gross realized losses	¥1,689 268	¥1,623 72	¥1,921 110	\$15,934 2,528

The Company maintains long-term investment securities, issued by a number of non-public companies, included as investment securities in the consolidated balance sheets. The aggregate carrying amount of the investments in non-public companies, at cost net of other-than-temporary impairment, was ¥10,515 million (\$99,198 thousand) and ¥9,414 million at March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The corresponding fair value at that date was not computed as such estimation was not practicable and no significant events or changes that might have affected the fair value of the investments were observed.

#### 8. Inventories

Inventories at March 31, 2018 and 2017 comprise the following:

	In m	illions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
		March 31	March 31
	2018	2017	2018
Security-related products	¥ 7,433	¥ 6,961	\$ 70,123
Fire protection-related products	20,476	18,135	193,170
Real estate	44,455	27,507	419,387
Other-related products	9,694	10,083	91,452
	¥82,058	¥62,686	\$774,132

Work in process for real estate inventories at March 31, 2018 and 2017, amounting to  $\$39,\!689$  million ( $\$374,\!425$  thousand) and  $\$22,\!284$  million, respectively, are included in real estate.

Costs on uncompleted construction contracts at March 31, 2018 and 2017, amounting to ¥10,974 million (\$103,528 thousand) and ¥9,053 million, respectively, are included in fire protection-related products.

The amount of write-down on real estate inventories included in cost of sales for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were ¥865 million (\$8,160 thousand), ¥1,164 million and ¥1,463 million, respectively.

# 9. Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company has financing receivables and classifies them into four categories: "lease receivables," "loans receivable resulting from medical services," "other loans receivable" and "other." Financing receivables classified as "lease receivables" are resulting from lease transactions of security merchandise and security systems.

The Company continuously monitors overdue financing receivables which, the Company considers, have a risk of uncollectability. For financing receivables with specific customer collection issues, the Company individually evaluates their collectability in order to determine the amount of allowance for doubtful accounts. For other financing receivables, the Company categorizes these receivables into groups by their nature and characteristics. The Company collectively evaluates the collectability of each group, using its historical experience of write-offs and determines the amount of allowance for doubtful accounts.

Financing receivables and allowance for doubtful accounts at March 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

					In mil	lions of yen
				Year	ended Marc	h 31, 2018
	rece	Lease eivables	Loans receivable resulting from medical services	Other loans receivable	Other	Total
Allowance for doubtful accounts: Balance at						
beginning of year Provision (Reversal) Charge off	¥	356 (133) 52	¥2,390 (17) —	¥ 698 (143) —	¥ 850 366 (0)	¥ 4,294 73 52
Other*		_	_	(16)	0	(16
Balance at end of year		275	2,373	539	1,216	4,403
Individually evaluated Collectively		119	2,373	539	1,216	4,247
evaluated	¥	156	¥ —	¥ 0	¥ —	¥ 156
Financing receivables: Individually evaluated	¥	197	¥5,666	¥ 948	¥1,404	¥ 8,215
Collectively evaluated	5	4,203	548	921	143	55,815
	¥5	4,400	¥6,214	¥1,869	¥1,547	¥64,030

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Other" principally includes the effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and the scope of consolidation.

							In mill	ions	of yen
					Yea	r ende	ed Marc	ch 3	1,2017
	rece	Lease vables	Loans receivable resulting from medical services	rece	Other loans eivable	(	Other		Total
Allowance for doubtful accounts: Balance at									
beginning of year Provision (Reversal) Charge off Other*	¥	368 (71) 59	¥1,995 395 —	¥	705 64 (7) (64)		,688 (124) (714) 0	¥	4,756 264 (662) (64)
Balance at end of year		356	2,390		698		850		4,294
Individually evaluated Collectively evaluated	¥	133	2,390 ¥ —	¥	698	¥	850	¥	4,071
Financing receivables: Individually evaluated Collectively	¥	152	¥5,856	¥	803	¥1	,098	¥	7,909
evaluated	5	2,287	546		932		149	Ĺ	53,914
	¥5	2,439	¥6,402	¥1	1,735	¥1	,247	¥6	51,823

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Other" principally includes the effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and the scope of consolidation.

In thousands of LLS dollars

			1111	ti iousai ius oi	U.J. UUIIais
•			Year	ended Marc	h 31, 2018
	Lease receivables	Loans receivable resulting from medical services	Other loans receivable	Other	Total
Allowance for doubtful accounts: Balance at					
beginning of year Provision (Reversal) Charge off Other*	(1,255)	\$22,547 (160) —	\$ 6,585 (1,349) — (151)	\$ 8,019 3,453 (0) 0	\$ 40,509 689 491 (151)
Balance at end of year	2,594	22,387	5,085	11,472	41,538
Individually evaluated Collectively	1,122	22,387	5,085	11,472	40,066
evaluated	\$ 1,472	\$ <u>—</u>	\$ 0	\$ —	\$ 1,472
Financing receivables: Individually evaluated Collectively		\$53,453	\$ 8,943	,	\$ 77,499
evaluated	511,350	5,170	8,689	1,349	526,558
	\$513,208	\$58,623	\$17,632	\$14,594	\$604,057

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Other" principally includes the effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and the scope of consolidation.

The Company considers receivables are past due and the financial position of the debtor to be credit quality indicators and classifies financing receivables into Overdue and Current. Financing receivables determined to have no prospects for collecting contractual interest on the basis of being past due and other factors are placed on nonaccrual status.

The aging analysis of the recorded financing receivables and financing receivables on nonaccrual status at March 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

In millions of ven

38 \$ 8,943 \$ — \$ 8,981

				in m	illions of yen
				Mar	ch 31, 2018
	Lease receivables	Loans receivable resulting from medical services	Other loans receivable	Other	Total
Current	¥54,203	¥6,177	¥ 953	¥ 843	¥62,176
Overdue	197	37	916	704	1,854
Total:					
Financing receivables	¥54,400	¥6,214	¥1,869	¥1,547	¥64,030
Financing receivables on nonaccrual status	¥ —	¥ 4	¥ 948	¥ —	¥ 952
				In m	illions of yen
					rch 31, 2017
	Lease receivables	Loans receivable resulting from medical services	Other loans receivable	Other	Total
Current	¥52,287	¥6,362	¥ 989	¥ 880	¥60,518
Overdue	152	40	746	367	1,305
Total: Financing receivables	¥52,439	¥6,402	¥1,735	¥1,247	¥61,823
Financing receivables					
on nonaccrual status	¥ —	¥ 7	¥ 803	¥ —	¥ 810
			In	thousands c	of U.S. dollars
				Mar	ch 31, 2018
	Lease receivables	Loans receivable resulting from medical services	Other loans receivable	Other	Total
Current Overdue	\$511,350 1,858	\$58,274 349	\$ 8,990 8,642	\$ 7,952 6,642	\$586,566 17,491
Total:					
Financing receivables	\$513,208	\$58,623	\$17,632	\$14,594	\$604,057

Financing receivables

on nonaccrual status .....

Impaired receivables and the related allowance for doubtful accounts at March 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

				In mil	lions of yen
				Marc	h 31, 2018
	Lease receivables	Loans receivable resulting from medical services	Other loans receivable	Other	Total
Impaired receivablesRelated allowance for	¥197	¥5,666	¥948	¥1,404	¥8,215
doubtful accounts	119	2,373	539	1,216	4,247
				ln mil	lions of yen
					ch 31, 2017
	Lease receivables	Loans receivable resulting from medical services	Other Ioans receivable	Other	Total
Impaired receivables	¥152	¥5,856	¥803	¥1,098	¥7,909
doubtful accounts	133	2,390	698	850	4,071
			In	thousands of	f U.S. dollars
				Marc	h 31, 2018
	Lease receivables	Loans receivable resulting from medical services	Other loans receivable	Other	Total
Impaired receivables	\$1,858	\$53,453	\$8,943	\$13,245	\$77,499
doubtful accounts	1,122	24,387	5,085	11,472	40,066

The average amounts of impaired receivables for the year ended March 31, 2018 are as follows:

				In mil	lions of yen
	Lease receivables	Loans receivable resulting from medical services	Other loans receivable	Other	Total
Average amounts of impaired receivables	¥175	¥5,760	¥876	¥1,251	¥8,062
			In	thousands of	f U.S. dollars
	Lease receivables	Loans receivable resulting from medical services	Other loans receivable	Other	Total
Average amounts of impaired receivables	\$1,651	\$54,340	\$8,264	\$11,802	\$76,057

#### **10. Investments in Affiliated Companies**

The Company has investments in affiliated companies that are accounted for under the equity method. Investments principally consist of Taiwan Secom Co., Ltd., a 28.7 percent owned affiliate, which is listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange; S1 Corporation, a 28.8 percent owned affiliate, which is listed on the Korea Exchange; and Toyo Tech Co., Ltd., a 27.1 percent owned affiliate, which is listed on the Second Section of the Tokyo Securities Exchange.

Combined financial information for the affiliated companies accounted for under the equity method is as follows:

		In m	nillions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
			March 31	March 31
		2018	2017	2018
Current assets		¥127,793	¥104,780	\$1,205,594
Noncurrent assets		196,908	183,063	1,857,623
Total assets		¥324,701	¥287,843	\$3,063,217
Current liabilities		¥ 79,246	¥ 68,683	\$ 747,604
Long-term liabilities		42,160	39,477	397,736
Equity		203,295	179,683	1,917,877
Total liabilities and equit	y	¥324,701	¥287,843	\$3,063,217
		In m	nillions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
			Years ended March 31	Year ended March 31
	2018	2017	2016	2018
Net sales	¥283,066	¥255,263	¥289,131	\$2,670,434
Gross profit	¥ 83,626	¥ 78,246	¥ 89,152	\$ 788,925
Net income attributable to				

Dividends received from affiliated companies for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were ¥4,199 million (\$39,613 thousand), ¥3,036 million and ¥3,614 million, respectively.

Three listed affiliated companies accounted for under the equity method with an aggregated carrying amount of ¥51,410 million (\$485,000 thousand) and ¥48,971 million at March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, had a quoted market value of ¥141,738 million (\$1,337,151 thousand) and ¥133,190 million at March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

The amounts of goodwill included in the carrying amount of investments in affiliated companies were ¥4,836 million (\$45,623 thousand) and ¥4,600 million at March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

A summary of transactions and balances with the affiliated companies accounted for under the equity method is presented below:

		In millions of yen  Years ended  March 31			usands of .S. dollars	
						ar ended March 31
	2018		2017		2016	2018
Sales	¥1,371	¥	1,455	¥	1,398	\$ 12,934
Purchases	¥6,293	¥	4,749	¥.	5,527	\$ 59,368
			In m	nillions	of yen	usands of .S. dollars
				Ма	rch 31	March 31
			2018		2017	2018
Notes and accounts receivable, trade		¥	475	¥	526	\$ 4,481
Loans receivable		¥	492	¥	693	\$ 4,642
Notes and accounts payable		¥2	,406	¥Ź	2,668	\$ 22,698
Guarantees for bank loans		¥		¥	50	\$ _

The Company's equity in undistributed income of affiliates at March 31, 2018 and 2017 included in retained earnings was ¥37,763 million (\$356,255 thousand) and ¥34,888 million, respectively.

#### 11. Long-Lived Assets

The Company has assessed the potential impairment of its long-lived assets. As a result of a significant decrease in revenue forecasts, the Company principally recognized impairment losses on certain business assets of the BPO and ICT services segment for the year ended March 31, 2018, on certain business assets of the geographic information services segment for the year ended March 31, 2017, and on certain business assets of the BPO and ICT services segment and certain real estate included as corporate items for the year ended March 31, 2016. The fair value was determined based on the estimated present value of future cash flows or appraisal value.

Impairment losses on long-lived assets by business segment for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

		In mill	In thousands of U.S. dollars	
-	Years ended March 31			Year ended March 31
	2018	2017	2016	2018
Security services	¥ 47	¥ 42	¥ —	\$ 443
Fire protection services	15	62	_	142
Medical services	_	556	329	_
Insurance services	_	_	_	_
Geographic information				
services	364	1,473	1,152	3,434
BPO and ICT services	415	485	5,637	3,915
Real estate and				
other services	_	71	_	_
Corporate items	_	_	4,696	_
Total	¥841	¥2,689	¥11,814	\$7,934

## 12. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The components of acquired intangible assets, excluding goodwill, at March 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

	In millions of yen			
		Ma	arch 31, 2018	
	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization	Net carrying amount	
Amortized intangible assets: SoftwareOther	¥53,535 40,228	(¥33,380) (9,307)	¥20,155 30,921	
	¥93,763	(¥42,687)	¥51,076	
Unamortized intangible assets	¥ 5,951	¥ —	¥ 5,951	
		In r	millions of yen	
		Λ	March 31, 2017	
	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization	Net carrying amount	
Amortized intangible assets:				
Software Other	¥50,386 33,115	(¥29,699) (7,299)	¥20,687 25,816	
	¥83,501	(¥36,998)	¥46,503	
Unamortized intangible assets	¥ 4,223	¥ —	¥ 4,223	
		In thousands	of U.S. dollars	
		Ma	arch 31, 2018	
	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization	Net carrying amount	
Amortized intangible assets: SoftwareOther	\$505,047 379,509	(\$314,906) (87,802)	\$190,141 291,707	
	\$884,556	(\$402,708)	\$481,848	
Unamortized intangible assets	\$ 56,143	\$ —	\$ 56,143	

Aggregate amortization expense for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 was ¥9,299 million (\$87,726 thousand), ¥8,910 million and ¥7,254 million, respectively. Amortized intangible assets are amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. The weighted average amortization period for internal use software is approximately five years.

The estimated aggregate amortization expense for intangible assets for the next five years is as follows:

Years ending March 31	In millions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
2019	¥9,777	\$92,236
2020	8,340	78,679
2021	6,622	62,472
2022	4,813	45,406
2023	3,367	31,764

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by business segment for the years ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

						In m	illions of yen
	Security services	Fire protection services	Medical services	Geographic information services	BPO and ICT services	Real estate and other services	Total
Goodwill Accumulated impairment	¥62,877	¥1,942	¥9,399	¥4,580	¥17,643	¥1,962	¥ 98,403
losses March 31, 2016	(1,723) 61,154	— 1,942	(5,350) 4,049	(738) 3,842	(175) 17,468	(135) 1,827	(8,121 90,282
Goodwill acquired							
during the year Disposal Impairment	110	_	_	_	_	_	110
losses	(1,156)	_	_	(37)	_	_	(1,193
Translation adjustment	(246)	_	_	(3)	_	_	(249
Goodwill Accumulated impairment	62,741	1,942	9,399	4,577	17,643	1,962	98,264
losses March 31, 2017	(2,879) 59,862	— 1,942	(5,350) 4,049	(775) 3,802	(175) 17,468	(135) 1,827	(9,314 88,950
Goodwill acquired during the year Disposal	38 —	57 —	_	_	17,471 —	_	17,566 —
Impairment losses	_	_	(11)	_	_	_	(11
Translation adjustment	9	_	_	(2)	_	_	7
GoodwillAccumulated	62,788	1,999	9,399	4,575	35,114	1,962	115,837
losses March 31, 2018	(2,879) ¥59,909	— ¥1,999	(5,361) ¥4,038	(775) ¥3,800	(175) ¥34,939	(135) ¥1,827	(9,325 ¥106,512
					In th	ousands c	of U.S. dollars
	Security services	Fire protection services	Medical services	Geographic information services	BPO and ICT services	Real estate and other services	Total
Goodwill Accumulated impairment	\$591,896	\$18,321	\$88,670	\$43,179	\$166,443	\$18,510	\$ 927,019
losses March 31, 2017	(27,160) 564,736	— 18,321	(50,472) 38,198	(7,311) 35,868	(1,651) 164,792	(1,274) 17,236	(87,868 839,151
Goodwill acquired during the year	358 —	538 —	_	_	164,821 —	_	165,717
Impairment losses	_	_	(104)	_	_	_	(104
Translation adjustment	85	_	_	(19)	_	_	66
Goodwill Accumulated impairment	592,339	18,859	88,670	43,160	331,264	18,510	1,092,802
losses March 31, 2018	(27,160) \$565,179	 \$18,859	(50,576) \$38,094	(7,311) \$35,849	(1,651) \$329,613	(1,274) \$17,236	(87,972 \$1,004,830

Impairment losses on goodwill recognized in the above table are mainly due to decreases in the estimated fair value of reporting units in each segment mainly caused by decreases in projected cash flows. The fair value is determined based on the estimated present value of future cash flows.

#### 13. Bank Loans and Long-Term Debt

Bank loans of ¥38,965 million (\$367,594 thousand) and ¥42,099 million at March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, are generally comprised of 30 to 365 day notes. The weighted average interest rate was 0.76 percent and 0.87 percent at March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Substantially all of these loans are borrowed from banks. The Company has entered into basic agreements with these banks which state that, with respect to all present or future loans with such banks, collateral (including sums on deposit with such banks) or guarantors shall be provided immediately upon request. Further, any collateral furnished pursuant to such agreements or otherwise will be applicable to all indebtedness to such banks. The Company has not been requested to submit such additional security.

At March 31, 2018, Nohmi Bosai Ltd., a subsidiary of the parent company, had an unused committed line of credit from a short-term arrangement of ¥4,000 million (\$37,736 thousand). The line of credit expires in March 2021. Under the agreement, Nohmi Bosai Ltd. is required to pay commitment fees, at an annual rate of 0.15 percent, on the unused portion of the line of credit. At March 31, 2018, the Company had overdraft agreements with 35 banks and its unused lines of credit amounted to ¥66,547 million (\$627,802 thousand). The Company incurs no fee on the unused portion of these overdraft agreements. The overdraft agreements expire in the period from April 2018 to March 2019. The Company has the ability and intent to extend these overdraft agreements under similar terms and conditions.

Long-term debt at March 31, 2018 and 2017 comprises the following:

	In mil	lions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
		March 31	March 31
	2018	2017	2018
Loans, principally from banks due			
2017–2033 with interest rates			
ranging from 0.08% to 14.00%:			
Secured	¥14,545	¥16,799	\$137,217
Unsecured	25,106	24,435	236,849
0.43% unsecured bonds due 2018	—	100	_
0.38% unsecured bonds due 2021	490	486	4,623
0.26% unsecured bonds due 2021	70	_	660
0.25% unsecured bonds due 2021	70	_	660
0.31% unsecured bonds due 2023	40	_	377
0.40% unsecured bonds due 2024	26	_	245
0.29% unsecured bonds due 2022	40	_	377
Unsecured bonds due 2017-2027			
with floating interest rates based			
on 6-month Japanese yen TIBOR	5,299	7,752	49,992
Obligations under capital leases,			
due 2017-2043 (Note 19)	24,246	24,192	228,736
	69,932	73,764	659,736
Less: Portion due within one year	(19,632)	(19,615)	(185,208)
	¥50,300	¥54,149	\$474,528

Assets pledged as collateral for bank loans and long-term debt at March 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

	In mill	lions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
		March 31	March 31
	2018	2017	2018
Time deposits	¥ 1,437	¥ 1,654	\$ 13,557
Short-term and long-term receivables	6,130	6,209	57,830
Investment securities	1,332	1,321	12,566
Property, plant and equipment	43,510	49,575	410,472
Other intangible assets	¥ 818	¥ 818	\$ 7,717

The aggregate annual maturities on long-term debt at March 31, 2018 are as follows:

Years ending March 31	In millions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
2019	¥19,632	\$185,208
2020	16,123	152,104
2021	12,330	116,321
2022	6,899	65,085
2023	5,071	47,840
Thereafter	9,877	93,178
	¥69,932	\$659,736

#### 14. Insurance-Related Operations

Secom General Insurance Co., Ltd. ("Secom Insurance"), a subsidiary of the parent company, maintains accounting records as noted in Note 2 in accordance with Japanese GAAP, which vary in certain respects from U.S. GAAP. Those differences are principally, (a) that insurance acquisition costs are charged to expense when incurred under Japanese GAAP whereas under U.S. GAAP, those costs are deferred and amortized generally over the premium-paying period of the insurance policies, (b) that liabilities related to incurred but not reported claims are computed based on related regulations in Japan whereas under U.S. GAAP, those liabilities are computed based on past experience for unreported losses, and (c) that unearned premiums are calculated based on the documents authorized by the Supervisory Authorities in Japan whereas under U.S. GAAP, unearned premiums are reflected based on the lapse and surrender over the contract period.

In addition, under certain property and casualty insurance contracts with a refund clause and long-term insurance policies that provide refunds at maturity, such as personal accident and fire, the policyholder receives a refund if premiums have been fully paid unless a substantial settlement (as defined in the policy) has occurred. The Company has provided for such refundable amounts by classifying a portion of the net premiums written, together with interest thereon, as investment deposits by policyholders. Contract and policy terms are principally five years.

For purposes of preparing the consolidated financial statements, appropriate adjustments have been made to reflect such items in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

The net equity of Secom Insurance at March 31, 2018 and 2017 was ¥75,968 million (\$716,679 thousand) and ¥73,757 million, respectively.

Net sales and operating revenue of Secom Insurance include net realized investment gains and losses, including gains and losses on sales of securities, losses on other-than-temporary impairment of investment securities and impairment losses on long-lived assets. Net realized investment gains and losses, including losses on other-than-temporary impairments, for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were gains of ¥694 million (\$6,547 thousand), ¥1,004 million and ¥473 million, respectively. Losses on other-than-temporary impairments of investment securities for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were ¥142 million (\$1,340 thousand), ¥105 million and ¥147 million, respectively.

## 15. Pension and Severance Costs

Employees of the parent company and its domestic subsidiaries whose services are terminated are, under most circumstances, eligible for lump-sum benefits and/or eligible for pension benefits.

The parent company and certain domestic subsidiaries have adopted a cash balance pension plan and a defined contribution pension plan. Benefits under the cash balance pension plan are calculated as a certain percentage of employees' annual income over their period of service, plus interest calculated as the 3-year average yield for 10-year government bonds. The defined contribution pension plan was established in April 2003, by transferring a portion equivalent to 20 percent of the cash balance pension plan, including portions funded in prior periods. A specified percentage of employees' annual income is contributed to the defined contribution pension plan.

In April 2005, the parent company and certain domestic subsidiaries transferred an additional portion of the cash balance pension plan to the defined contribution pension plan. Accordingly, the ratio of the accumulated amount in the cash balance pension plan and the amount of contributions to the defined contribution pension plan changed to 70 percent and 30 percent, including portions funded in prior periods.

Net periodic pension and severance costs for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	In millions of yen Years ended March 31			In thousands of U.S. dollars
				Year ended March 31
	2018	2017	2016	2018
Net periodic pension and				
severance costs:				
Service cost	¥7,996	¥7,889	¥7,739	\$75,437
Interest cost	404	349	718	3,811
Expected return on				
plan assets	(3,109)	(2,919)	(2,756)	(29,330)
Amortization of prior				
service benefit	(306)	(966)	(1,504)	(2,887)
Recognized actuarial loss	287	754	714	2,708
Net periodic pension				
and severance costs	¥5,272	¥5,107	¥4,911	\$49,736

The changes in benefit obligation, plan assets and funded status are as follows:

	In r	millions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
		Years ended March 31	Year ended March 31
	2018	2017	2018
Change in benefit obligation: Benefit obligation			
at beginning of year	¥111,632	¥111,032	\$1,053,132
Service cost	7,996	7,889	75,435
Interest cost	404	349	3,811
Actuarial (gain) loss	(1,281)	(2,189)	(12,085)
Benefits paid	(6,018)	(5,449)	(56,774)
Acquisition	591		5,575
Benefit obligation			
at end of year	113,324	111,632	1,069,094
Change in plan assets:			
Fair value of plan assets			
at beginning of year	117,278	111,761	1,106,396
Actual return on plan assets	9,425	6,797	88,915
Employer contribution	2,396	2,343	22,603
Benefits paid	(4,139)	(3,623)	(39,047)
Acquisition	389	_	3,670
Fair value of plan assets			
at end of year	125,349	117,278	1,182,537
Funded status			
at the end of year	¥ 12,025	¥ 5,646	\$ 113,443

Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets at March 31, 2018 and 2017 consist of:

	ln mi	llions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars	
		March 31	March 31	
	2018	2017	2018	
Prepaid pension and severance costs	¥41,409	¥35,282	\$390,651	
severance costs	(29,384)	(29,636)	(277,208)	
Net amount recognized	¥12,025	¥ 5,646	\$113,443	

Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended March 31, 2018 are summarized as follows:

	In millions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
Current year actuarial gain	(¥7,597)	(\$71,670)
Amortization of actuarial loss	(287)	(2,708)
Amortization of prior service benefit	306	2,887
	(¥7,578)	(\$71,491)

Amounts recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) at March 31, 2018 and 2017 consist of:

_	In millions of yen		In thousands of U.S. dollars	
		March 31	March 31	
	2018	2017	2018	
Actuarial loss	¥751	¥8,635	\$7,084	
Prior service benefit	227	(79)	2,142	
Net amount recognized	¥978	¥8,556	\$9,226	

The estimated prior service benefit and actuarial loss for the defined benefit pension plans that will be amortized from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) into net periodic benefit cost over the next year are ¥2 million (\$19 thousand) and ¥197 million (\$1,858 thousand), respectively.

The accumulated benefit obligation for the pension plan was ¥113,039 million (\$1,066,406 thousand) and ¥111,278 million at March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

The projected benefit obligation, accumulated benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets for the pension plans with accumulated benefit obligation in excess of plan assets were ¥49,470 million (\$466,698 thousand), ¥49,186 million (\$464,019 thousand) and ¥29,006 million (\$273,642 thousand), respectively, at March 31, 2018, and ¥47,779 million, ¥47,425 million and ¥25,367 million, respectively, at March 31, 2017.

The Company uses March 31 as the measurement date for the domestic pension plan.

Weighted-average assumptions used to determine the benefit obligation at March 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

	M	arch 31
	2018	2017
Discount rate	0.4%	0.4%
Rate of compensation increase	2.6%	2.7%

Weighted-average assumptions used to determine net pension and severance costs for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	Years ended March 31		
	2018	2017	2016
Discount rate	0.4%	0.3%	0.8%
Expected return on plan assets	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Rate of compensation increase	2.7%	2.6%	2.7%

The Company determines the expected long-term rate of return based on the expected long-term return of the various asset categories in which it invests. The Company considers the current expectations for future returns and the actual historical returns of each plan asset category.

The Company's investment policy is designed to ensure that sufficient plan assets are available to provide future payments of pension benefits to the eligible plan participants. The policy uses target allocations for the individual asset categories. Plan assets are invested primarily in equity and debt securities, and pooled funds with the objective to minimize risk and achieve the expected rate of return. The investment results are periodically checked and asset allocation is adjusted as necessary.

The following table represents the fair value of the Company's pension plan assets at March 31, 2018 and 2017. The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are more fully described in Note 22.

				In millions of yen
				March 31, 2018
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash and cash				
equivalents	¥ 8,142	¥ —	¥ —	¥ 8,142
Equity securities				
Japanese				
companies	23,703	434	_	24,137
Foreign				
companies	3,837	_	_	3,837
Debt securities				
Government				
bonds	2,515	494	_	3,009
Non-government				
bonds	_	2,032	_	2,032
Pooled funds	595	39,134	24,433	64,162
Call loans	_	5,314	_	5,314
Insurance contracts	_	13,127	_	13,127
Other	_	355	1,234	1,589
·	¥38,792	¥60,890	¥25,667	¥125,349

<sup>\*</sup> The plan's government bonds include approximately 5% Japanese bonds and 95% foreign bonds. The non-government bonds are all foreign bonds.

			li	n millions of yen
•				March 31, 2017
•	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash and cash				
equivalents	¥ 6,482	¥ —	¥ —	¥ 6,482
Equity securities				
Japanese				
companies	25,495	424	_	25,919
Foreign				
companies	3,626	_	_	3,626
Debt securities				
Government				
bonds	2,128	571	_	2,699
Non-government				
bonds	_	2,055	_	2,055
Pooled funds	731	32,977	26,273	59,981
Call loans	_	3,256	_	3,256
Insurance contracts	_	12,251	_	12,251
Other	_	231	778	1,009
	¥38,462	¥51,765	¥27,051	¥117,278

<sup>\*</sup> The plan's government bonds include approximately 5% Japanese bonds and 95% foreign bonds. The non-government bonds are all foreign bonds.

<sup>\*</sup> The pension investment trust fund included in the plan's pooled funds is classified as Level 2, and invests approximately 60% in equity securities, 30% in debt securities and 10% in other investments. The unquoted beneficial certificate of security investment trust included in the plan's pooled funds is classified as Level 3.

				In	n thousa	nds o	f U.S. dollars
						Mar	ch 31, 2018
	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 76,811	\$	_	\$	_	\$	76,811
Japanese companies	223,613		4,095		_		227,708
companies Debt securities	36,198		-		-		36,198
Government bonds Non-government	23,727		4,660		_		28,387
bonds	_	1	9,170		_		19,170
Pooled funds	5,613	36	9,188	23	0,500		605,301
Call loans	_	5	0,132		_		50,132
Insurance contracts	_	12	3,839		_		123,839
Other	_		3,349	1	1,642		14,991
	\$365,962	\$57	4,433	\$24	2,142	\$1	,182,537

<sup>\*</sup> The plan's government bonds include approximately 5% Japanese bonds and 95% foreign bonds. The non-government bonds are all foreign bonds.

<sup>\*</sup>The pension investment trust fund included in the plan's pooled funds is classified as Level 2, and invests approximately 50% in equity securities, 40% in debt securities and 10% in other investments. The unquoted beneficial certificate of security investment trust included in the plan's pooled funds is classified as Level 3.

<sup>\*</sup> The pension investment trust fund included in the plan's pooled funds is classified as Level 2, and invests approximately 50% in equity securities, 40% in debt securities and 10% in other investments. The unquoted beneficial certificate of security investment trust included in the plan's pooled funds is classified as Level 3.

The following table represents the changes in Level 3 investments for the years ended March 31, 2018 and 2017.

Level 3 investments, mainly in unquoted certificates of beneficial interests in securities investment trust included in the plan's pooled funds, are at the discretion of the administrator of the fund. Their fair values are estimated based on unobservable inputs provided by the administrator of the fund.

		In mi	llions of yen
	Yea	r ended Mar	ch 31, 2018
	Pooled funds	Other	Total
Balance at beginning of year Actual return on plan assets:	¥26,273	¥ 778	¥27,051
Relating to assets sold during the year	(1,047)	68	(979)
Relating to assets held at end of year	615	(78)	537
Purchases, sales and settlements, net	(1,408)	466	(942)
Transfer to Level 3, net	_	_	
Balance at end of year	¥24,433	¥1,234	¥25,667
		ln mi	llions of yen
	Ye	ar ended Ma	rch 31, 2017
	Pooled funds	Other	Total
Balance at beginning of year Actual return on plan assets:	¥26,749	¥465	¥27,214
Relating to assets sold during the year	595	54	649
Relating to assets held at end of year	(1,849)	(25)	(1,874)
Purchases, sales and settlements, net	473	284	757
Transfer to Level 3, net	305	_	305
Balance at end of year	¥26,273	¥778	¥27,051
	In	thousands o	f U.S. dollars

	In thousands of U.S. dollars			
	Year ended March 31, 2018			
	Pooled funds	Other	Total	
Balance at beginning of year	\$247,858	\$ 7,340	\$255,198	
Actual return on plan assets:				
Relating to assets sold during the year	(9,877)	642	(9,235)	
Relating to assets held at end of year	5,802	(736)	5,066	
Purchases, sales and settlements, net	(13,283)	4,396	(8,887)	
Transfer to Level 3, net	_	_	_	
Balance at end of year	\$230,500	\$11,642	\$242,142	

The Company expects to contribute ¥2,235 million (\$21,085 thousand) to its domestic defined benefit plans in the year ending March 31, 2019. The following benefit payments, which reflect future service, as appropriate, are expected to be paid.

Years ending March 31	In millions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
2019	¥ 5,551	¥ 52,368
2020	5,371	50,670
2021	5,535	52,217
2022	5,659	53,387
2023	5,824	54,943
2024–2028	29,942	282,472

The parent company and certain subsidiaries have defined contribution pension plans. The contributions to the defined contribution pension plans for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were ¥1,851 million (\$17,462 thousand), ¥2,192 million and ¥1,796 million, respectively.

#### 16. Exchange Gains and Losses

Other expenses for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 includes net exchange losses of ¥213 million (\$2,009 thousand), ¥454 million and ¥557 million, respectively.

#### 17. Income Taxes

Total income taxes for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 are allocated as follows:

		In mill	In thousands of U.S. dollars	
		Y	ears ended March 31	Year ended March 31
	2018	2017	2016	2018
Consolidated income taxes from continuing operations	¥48,107	¥47,012	¥40,312	\$453,840
Unrealized gains on securities Unrealized gains on derivative	155	1,244	(3,447)	1,462
instruments	_	_	(5)	_
Pension liability adjustments Foreign currency translation	2,332	1,876	(2,926)	22,000
adjustments	662	(358)	(783)	6,245
	¥51,256	¥49,774	¥33,151	\$483,547

The parent company and its domestic subsidiaries are subject to a number of income taxes. As a result of revisions to domestic laws during the third quarter ended December 31, 2015, and the fourth quarters ended March 31, 2016, the statutory income tax rate in Japan, which was approximately 32.9 percent for the year ended March 31, 2016, decreased to approximately 30.7 percent for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2018.

Reconciliations of the differences between income taxes computed at statutory tax rates and consolidated income taxes from continuing operations are as follows:

	In millions of yen			
		Y	Year ended March 31	
	2018	2017	2016	2018
Income taxes computed at statutory tax rate	.¥46,293	¥44,584	¥40,290	\$436,726
allowancePer capita tax		714 867	1,104 845	19,962 8,321
allowance Net effect of changes in	. (835)	(1,048)	(3,697)	(7,877)
corporate tax rates Other, net		512 1,383	464 1,306	6,227 (9,519)
Consolidated income taxes from continuing operations	.¥48,107	¥47,012	¥40,312	\$453,840

The significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities at March 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

In thousands of

_	In mi	U.S. dollars	
		March 31	March 31
	2018	2017	2018
Deferred tax assets:			
Loss carryforwards	¥ 9,138	¥ 9,393	\$ 86,208
Accrued pension and			
severance costs	8,637	8,851	81,481
Property, plant and equipment	7,448	8,300	70,264
Deferred revenue	7,176	7,328	67,698
Adjustment of book value at			
the date of acquisition	6 152	F 00F	50.047
Land and buildings Other assets	6,153 399	5,995 402	58,047 3,764
Accrued bonus	5,813	5,623	54,840
Vacation accrual	4,289	3,585	40,462
Investment securities	2,139	3,363	20,179
Intangible assets	1,798	1,772	16,962
Allowance for doubtful accounts	1,774	1,831	16,736
Write-down on real estate	.,,,,	1,051	10,750
inventories	631	837	5,953
Other	12,003	10,975	113,236
Gross deferred tax assets	67,398	64,892	635,830
Less: Valuation allowance	(27,509)	(25,647)	(259,519)
Total deferred tax assets	39,889	39,245	376,311
Deferred tax liabilities:			
Adjustment of book value at			
the date of acquisition			
Intangible assets	(9,690)	(7,858)	(91,415)
Land and buildings	(4,117)	(4,211)	(38,840)
Other assets	(951)	(868)	(8,972)
Prepaid pension and			
severance costs	(12,646)	(10,820)	(119,302)
Unrealized gains on securities	(9,570)	(9,419)	(90,283)
Investments in affiliated			
companies	(6,458)	(5,303)	(60,925)
Deferred installation costs	(5,204)	(5,276)	(49,094)
Other	(4,544)	(10,000)	(42,867)
Gross deferred tax liabilities	(53,180)	(53,755)	(501,698)
Net deferred tax assets			
(liabilities)	(¥13,291)	(¥14,510)	(\$125,387)

The valuation allowance principally relates to deferred tax assets of subsidiaries with operating loss carryforwards, for tax purposes, that are not expected to be realized. The net change in the total valuation allowance for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 was an increase of ¥1,862 million (\$17,566 thousand), and an increase of ¥599 million and a decrease of ¥1,514 million, respectively.

In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, the Company's management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible. The Company's management considered the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. Based upon the level of historical taxable income and projections for future taxable income over the periods in which the deferred tax assets are deductible, the Company's management believes it is more likely than not that the Company will realize the benefits of these deductible differences, net of the existing valuation allowance at March 31, 2018 and 2017.

Net deferred tax assets (liabilities) at March 31, 2018 and 2017 are reflected in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets under the following captions:

	In millions of yen March 31		In thousands of U.S. dollars March 31	
	2018	2017	2018	
Deferred income taxes (Current assets) Deferred income taxes	¥ —	¥12,611	\$ <b>–</b>	
(Other assets) Other current liabilities	13,239	8,213	124,896	
(Current liabilities)  Deferred income taxes	_	(1,519)	_	
(Long-term liabilities)	(26,530)	(33,815)	(250,283)	
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	(¥13,291)	(¥14,510)	(\$125,387)	

The Company has not recognized deferred tax liabilities for a portion of undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiaries of ¥32,875 million (\$310,142 thousand) totaling ¥608 million (\$5,736 thousand) at March 31, 2018 as they are not expected to be remitted in the foreseeable future.

At March 31, 2018, the operating loss carryforwards of domestic subsidiaries amounted to ¥18,942 million (\$178,698 thousand) and are available for offsetting against future taxable earnings of such subsidiaries for up to nine years, as follows:

Expires in the years ending March 31	In millions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
2019	¥ 5,256	\$ 49,585
2020	327	3,085
2021	197	1,858
2022	2,302	21,717
2023	1,300	12,264
2024	2,304	21,736
2025	3,477	32,802
2026	2,266	21,377
2027	1,513	14,274
	¥18,942	\$178,698

The operating loss carryforwards of overseas subsidiaries at March 31, 2018 amounted to ¥10,273 million (\$96,915 thousand), a part of which will begin to expire in the year ending March 31, 2019.

The total amount of unrecognized tax benefits for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 was insignificant. Also, there were no significant movements in the gross amounts of unrealized tax benefits and the amounts of interest and penalties recognized due to the unrecognized tax benefits during the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016.

Although the Company believes its estimates of unrecognized tax benefits are reasonable, uncertainties regarding the final determination of income tax audit settlements and any related litigation could affect the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits in future periods. Based on the information available as of March 31, 2018, the Company does not expect significant changes to the unrecognized tax benefits within the next twelve months.

The Company files tax returns in Japan and various foreign jurisdictions. In Japan, the Company is no longer subject to regular income tax examinations by the tax authorities for years before 2012. In other foreign tax jurisdictions, major subsidiaries are no longer subject to income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2017, with some exceptions.

#### 18. Shareholders' Equity

#### (1) Additional Paid-In Capital

The change in additional paid-in capital includes the effect of changes in the Company's ownership interest in its consolidated subsidiaries.

The net income attributable to SECOM CO., LTD. and transfers from (to) noncontrolling interests for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	In millions of yen  Years ended  March 31		In thousands of U.S. dollars	
			Year ended March 31	
	2018	2017	2016	2018
Net income attributable to SECOM CO., LTD.	¥96,623	¥91,387	¥84,072	\$911,537
Net transfers from (to) noncontrolling interests	24	(16)	(324)	226
Change from net income attributable to SECOM CO., LTD. and transfers from (to) noncontrolling interests	¥96,647	¥91,371	¥83,748	\$911,763

#### (2) Retained Earnings

The Japanese Companies Act provides that an amount equal to 10 percent of surplus distributed by the parent company and its Japanese subsidiaries be appropriated as a legal reserve until the aggregate amount of additional paid-in capital and legal reserve equals 25 percent of the common stock account.

The amount available for dividends under the Japanese Companies Act is based on the amount recorded in the parent company's nonconsolidated statutory financial statements in accordance with Japanese GAAP. Such amount was ¥583,102 million (\$5,500,962 thousand) at March 31, 2018

Subsequent to March 31, 2018, the parent company's Board of Directors declared a year-end cash dividend of ¥80 (\$0.75) per share, totaling ¥17,461 million (\$164,726 thousand), to shareholders of record on March 31, 2018. The dividend declared was approved at the general shareholders' meeting held on June 26, 2018. Dividends are recorded in the year they are declared.

The Company has made it a basic policy to distribute dividends twice a year, the interim dividend whose record date is September 30 each year and commenced from the year ended March 31, 2015, and the year-end dividend whose record date is March 31 each year. The interim dividend is determined by the Board of Directors and the year-end dividend is determined by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

Cash dividends per share are computed based on dividends paid for the year.

## (3) Common Stock in Treasury

The Company may repurchase its common stock from the market pursuant to the Japanese Companies Act. There are certain restrictions on payment of dividends in connection with the treasury stock repurchased.

#### (4) Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Components of other comprehensive income (loss) for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

		In mil	lions of yen
	Pre-tax amount	Tax (expense) or benefit	Net-of-tax amount
For the year ended March 31, 2018:			
Unrealized gains on securities—			
Unrealized gains or losses			
arising during the period	¥ 1,319	(¥ 413)	¥ 906
Less: Reclassification			
adjustment for gains			
or losses realized in			
net income	(908)	258	(650)
Unrealized gains on derivative			
instruments—			
Unrealized gains or losses			
arising during the year	_	_	_
Less: Reclassification			
adjustment for gains			
or losses realized in			
net income	_	_	_
Pension liability adjustments—			
Unrealized gains or losses	7.605	(0.045)	F 200
arising during the period	7,695	(2,315)	5,380
Less: Reclassification			
adjustment for gains or losses realized			
	12	(17)	(4)
in net incomeForeign currency	13	(17)	(4)
translation adjustments	2,614	(662)	1,952
Other comprehensive	2,014	(002)	1,732
Other comprehensive			
	¥10.733	(¥3.149)	¥7.584
income (loss)	¥10,733	(¥3,149)	¥7,584
For the year ended March 31, 2017:	¥10,733	(¥3,149)	¥7,584
For the year ended March 31, 2017: Unrealized gains on securities—	¥10,733	(¥3,149)	¥7,584
For the year ended March 31, 2017: Unrealized gains on securities— Unrealized gains or losses			
income (loss)	<b>¥10,733</b> ¥7,048	(¥3,149) (¥1,586)	¥7,584 ¥5,462
income (loss)			
income (loss)			
income (loss)	¥7,048	(¥1,586)	¥5,462
income (loss)			
income (loss)	¥7,048	(¥1,586)	¥5,462
income (loss)	¥7,048	(¥1,586)	¥5,462
income (loss)	¥7,048	(¥1,586)	¥5,462
income (loss)	¥7,048	(¥1,586)	¥5,462
income (loss)	¥7,048	(¥1,586)	¥5,462
income (loss)	¥7,048	(¥1,586)	¥5,462
income (loss)	¥7,048	(¥1,586)	¥5,462
income (loss)	¥7,048	(¥1,586)	¥5,462
income (loss)	¥7,048	(¥1,586)	¥5,462
income (loss)	¥7,048 (1,204) —	(¥1,586) 342 —	¥5,462 (862)
income (loss)	¥7,048	(¥1,586)	¥5,462
income (loss)	¥7,048 (1,204) —	(¥1,586) 342 —	¥5,462 (862)
income (loss)	¥7,048 (1,204) —	(¥1,586) 342 —	¥5,462 (862)
income (loss)	¥7,048 (1,204) — 6,656	(¥1,586)  342  — (1,869)	¥5,462 (862) — 4,787
income (loss)	¥7,048 (1,204) —	(¥1,586) 342 —	¥5,462 (862)
income (loss)	¥7,048 (1,204) — 6,656	(¥1,586)  342  — (1,869)	¥5,462 (862) — 4,787
income (loss)	¥7,048 (1,204) — 6,656 (105)	(¥1,586) 342 — (1,869)	¥5,462 (862) — 4,787
income (loss)	¥7,048 (1,204) — 6,656 (105)	(¥1,586) 342 — (1,869)	¥5,462 (862) — 4,787

			illions of yen
	Pre-tax amount	Tax (expense) or benefit	Net-of-tax amount
For the year ended March 31, 2016: Unrealized gains on securities— Unrealized gains or losses			
arising during the period Less: Reclassification adjustment for gains	(¥ 9,756)	¥2,991	(¥ 6,765
or losses realized in net income Unrealized gains on derivative	(1,514)	456	(1,058
instruments— Unrealized gains or losses arising during the yearLess: Reclassification	—	_	_
adjustment for gains or losses realized in net income Pension liability adjustments—	(14)	5	(9
Unrealized gains or losses arising during the period Less: Reclassification adjustment for gains	(8,611)	2,551	(6,060
or losses realized in net income	(717)	375	(342
translation adjustments	(4,017)	783	(3,234
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(¥24,629)	¥7,161	(¥17,468
		In thousands o	of U.S. dollars
	Pre-tax amount	Tax (expense) or benefit	Net-of-tax amount
For the year ended March 31, 2018:  Unrealized gains on securities—  Unrealized gains or losses  arising during the period	amount	(expense)	amount
Unrealized gains on securities— Unrealized gains or losses	amount	(expense) or benefit	amount
Unrealized gains on securities— Unrealized gains or losses arising during the period Less: Reclassification adjustment for gains or losses realized in net income	\$ 12,443 (8,566)	(expense) or benefit	**************************************
Unrealized gains on securities— Unrealized gains or losses arising during the period	\$ 12,443 (8,566)	(expense) or benefit	**************************************
Unrealized gains on securities— Unrealized gains or losses arising during the period	\$ 12,443 (8,566)	(\$ 3,896)  2,434	\$ 8,547 (6,132)
Unrealized gains on securities— Unrealized gains or losses arising during the period. Less: Reclassification adjustment for gains or losses realized in net income	* 12,443 (8,566) 72,595	(\$ 3,896)  2,434	\$ 8,547 (6,132)
Unrealized gains on securities— Unrealized gains or losses arising during the period	* 12,443 (8,566) 72,595	(\$ 3,896)  2,434  —  (21,840)	\$ 8,547 (6,132) — 50,755

Reclassification adjustments for gains or losses realized in net income (pre-tax amount) included in the consolidated statements of income for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	In millions of yen			In thousands of U.S. dollars
		Ye	ars ended March 31	Year ended March 31
	2018	2017	2016	2018
Unrealized gains on securities—  Net sales and				
operating revenue	(¥694)	(¥1,007)	(¥981)	(\$6,547)
securities, net Loss on other-than- temporary impairment of	(269)	(268)	(929)	(2,538)
investment securities Unrealized gains on derivative instruments—	55	71	396	519
Other income Pension liability adjustments—	_	_	(14)	_
Net periodic pension and severance costs (Note 15)	(19)	(212)	(790)	(179)
affiliated companies	¥ 32	¥ 107	¥ 73	\$ 301

## 19. Lessee

In millions of yen

The Company leases certain office space, employee residential facilities, equipment for armored car services and transportation equipment. Some leased buildings, and equipment for armored car services and transportation equipment are held under capital leases. Other leases are classified as operating leases.

On April 23, 1996, the Company entered into a long-term lease agreement for a building and land in Mitaka, Tokyo. The lease term is 30 years beginning May 1, 1996. On July 15, 2010, the Company also entered into a long-term lease agreement for the adjoining land and buildings. The lease term is also 30 years beginning July 15, 2010. For financial reporting purposes, the portion of these lease arrangements relating to the building has been classified as a capital lease; accordingly, an asset of approximately ¥7,209 million (\$68,009 thousand) has been recorded in the buildings and improvements account. The portion of the lease relating to the land has been classified as an operating lease. The future minimum lease payment for the site at March 31, 2018 was ¥4,254 million (\$40,132 thousand).

A summary of leased assets under capital leases at March 31, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

	In millions of yen March 31		In thousands of U.S. dollars March 31	
	2018	2017	2018	
Buildings and improvements Machinery, equipment	¥ 8,452	¥ 8,452	\$ 79,736	
and automobiles Other intangible assets Accumulated depreciation	32,664 298	31,930 125	308,151 2,811	
and amortization			(204,934)	
	¥19,691	¥19,691	\$185,764	

Depreciation and amortization expenses for assets under capital leases for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were ¥6,313 million (\$59,557 thousand), ¥6,785 million and ¥3,495 million, respectively.

The following is a schedule by year of future minimum lease payments under capital leases and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at March 31, 2018:

Years ending March 31	In millions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
2019	¥ 6,967	\$ 65,726
2020	5,489	51,783
2021	3,968	37,434
2022	2,692	25,396
2023	1,694	15,981
Thereafter	10,963	103,425
Total minimum lease payments	31,773	299,745
Less: Amount representing interest	(7,527)	(71,009)
Present value of net minimum		
lease payments (Note 13)	24,246	228,736
Less: Current portion	(6,386)	(60,245)
Long-term capital lease		
obligations	¥17,860	\$168,491

Rental expenses under operating leases for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were ¥25,513 million (\$240,689 thousand), ¥25,359 million and ¥24,619 million, respectively. A significant portion of such rentals relates to cancelable short-term leases for office space and employee residential facilities, many of which are renewed upon expiration.

On December 8, 2000, the Company entered into a lease agreement for a building and land in Shibuya, Tokyo. The lease term is 20 years beginning December 8, 2000. For financial reporting purposes, the lease has been classified as an operating lease. Based on the agreement, the annual lease payment for the site is approximately ¥1,312 million (\$12,377 thousand) over a 20-year period.

The future minimum lease payments required under operating leases that have initial or remaining noncancelable lease terms in excess of one year at March 31, 2018 are as follows:

Years ending March 31	In millions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
2019	¥10,979	\$103,575
2020	9,180	86,604
2021	8,334	78,623
2022	7,342	69,264
2023	7,053	66,538
Thereafter	24,623	232,292
Total future minimum lease		
payments	¥67,511	\$636,896

#### 20. Lessor

The Company's leasing operations consist principally of leasing of security merchandise, security systems and real estate for offices and medical institutions. Most of the security merchandise and security systems on lease are classified as sales-type leases or direct-financing leases. Other leases are classified as operating leases.

A summary of lease receivables under sales-type and direct-financing leases at March 31, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

	In millions of yen  March 31		In thousands of U.S. dollars March 31	
	2018	2017	2018	
Total minimum lease payments to be received	¥63,766 (5,839) (3,527)	¥62,137 (4,787) (4,911)	\$601,566 (55,085) (33,273)	
Lease receivables, net Less: Current portion	54,400 (17,899)	52,439 (16,769)	513,208 (168,859)	
Long-term lease receivables, net	¥36,501	¥35,670	\$344,349	

The following is a schedule by year of future minimum lease payments to be received under sales-type leases and direct-financing leases at March 31, 2018:

Years ending March 31	In millions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
2019	¥20,251	\$191,047
2020	16,317	153,934
2021	11,666	110,057
2022	8,456	79,774
2023	4,879	46,028
Thereafter	2,197	20,726
Total future minimum lease		
payments to be received	¥63,766	\$601,566

A summary of investment in property under operating leases and property held for lease at March 31, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

	In mill	ions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
		March 31	March 31
	2018	2017	2018
Land Buildings and improvements	¥31,499 30,578	¥33,754 32,160	\$297,160 288,472
Other intangible assetsAccumulated depreciation	662	662	6,245
and amortization	(12,725)	(12,572)	(120,047)
	¥50,014	¥54,004	\$471,830

The future minimum rentals under noncancelable operating leases at March 31, 2018 are as follows:

Years ending March 31	In millions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
2019	¥1,942	\$18,321
2020	162	1,528
2021	162	1,528
2022	162	1,528
2023	162	1,528
Thereafter	2,748	25,925
Total future minimum rentals	¥5,338	\$50,358

#### 21. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments in cases for which it is practicable. The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are more fully described in Note 22.

(1) Cash and Cash Equivalents; Time Deposits; Cash Deposits for armored car services; Notes and Accounts Receivable, Trade; Due from Subscribers; Short-Term Receivables; Bank Loans; Notes and Accounts Payable, Trade; Other Payables; Deposits Received; Accrued Income Taxes; and Accrued Payroll

The carrying amounts approximate fair value because of the short-term maturities of such instruments.

#### (2) Short-Term Investments; Investment Securities

The fair values of short-term investments and investment securities are principally based on quoted market prices.

#### (3) Long-Term Receivables Including Current Portion

Long-term receivables, including the current portion, are classified as Level 2 and fair value is estimated based on the present value of future cash flows through estimated maturity, discounted using estimated market discount rates.

## (4) Long-Term Debt Including Current Portion

Long-term debt, including the current portion, is classified as Level 2 and fair value is estimated based on the present value of future cash flows of each instrument discounted using the Company's current incremental borrowing rates for similar liabilities.

## (5) Investment Deposits by Policyholders

The fair values of investment deposits by policyholders are classified as Level 3 and estimated based on the present value of future cash flows, discounted using the interest rates currently being offered for similar contracts.

### (6) Derivatives

The fair values of derivatives are estimated using current market pricing models by obtaining quotes from financial institutions.

The carrying amounts and estimated fair values of financial instruments, excluding, debt and equity securities, which are disclosed in Notes 2 (7) and 7, at March 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

			In r	nillions of yen
				March 31
		2018		2017
	Carrying amount	Estimated fair value	Carrying amount	Estimated fair value
Non-derivatives:				
Assets—				
Long-term receivables				
including current				
portion (Less allowance				
for doubtful accounts)	¥58,996	¥59,356	¥56,638	¥57,440
Liabilities—				
Long-term debt				
including current				
portion	69,931	69,937	73,764	73,794
Investment deposits				
by policyholders	25,208	26,212	27,691	29,023
Derivatives:				
Assets—				
Forward exchange				
contract (Other current assets)			2	2
Liabilities—	_	_	2	2
Interest rate swaps				
(Other long-term				
liabilities)	33	33	59	59
- Idolitics)				
				of U.S. dollars
			Carrying amount	Estimated fair value
Non-derivatives:				
Assets—				
Long-term receivables include	dina curren	t		
portion (Less allowance for				
accounts)			\$556,566	\$559,962
Liabilities—			4556,556	4552,252
Long-term debt including cu	ırrent			
portion			659,726	659,783
Investment deposits				
by policyholders			237,811	247,283
Derivatives:				
Assets—				
Forward exchange contract				
(Other current assets)			_	_
Liabilities—				
Interest rate swaps (Other Io				
liabilities)			311	311

## Limitation:

Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time based on relevant market information and information about financial instruments. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates.

#### 22. Fair Value Measurements

ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures," defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This accounting standard establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value as follows:

Level 1— Inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2— Inputs are quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable, and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3— Inputs are derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or value drivers are unobservable, which reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in establishing a price.

The following table represents the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at March 31, 2018 and 2017. Transfers between levels are recognized at the end of the respective reporting periods.

						l	n million	s of yen
							March 3	1, 2018
		Level 1	Į	_evel 2	L	evel 3		Total
Assets:								
Cash equivalents Short-term investments and investment	¥	149	¥	_	¥	_	¥	149
securities Derivatives (Other current assets)	14	49,365 —	41	I,433 —	29	9,815 —	22	.0,613
Total assets	¥14	19,514	¥41	,433	¥29	,815	¥22	0,762
Liabilities: Derivatives (Other long-term liabilities)	¥	_	¥	33	¥	_	¥	33
Total liabilities	¥	_	¥	33	¥	_	¥	33

							In millio	ns of yen
							March	31, 2017
		Level 1		_evel 2	l	evel 3		Total
Assets: Cash equivalents Short-term investments and	¥	163	¥	_	¥	_	¥	163
investment securities Derivatives (Other current assets)	1	52,088 —	3	1,746	4	9,738	Ź	233,572
Total assets	¥1	52,251	¥3	1,748	¥4	9,738	¥2	233,737
Liabilities: Derivatives (Other long-term liabilities)	¥	_	¥	59	¥	_	¥	59
Total liabilities	¥		¥	59	¥	_	¥	59
								S. dollars 31, 2018
		Level 1		_evel 2	l	evel 3		Total
Assets: Cash equivalentsShort-term investments and investment	\$	1,406	\$	_	\$	-	\$	1,406
securities  Derivatives (Other current assets)	1,40	09,103 —	390	),877 —	281	,274 —	2,0	81,254 —
Total assets	\$1,4	10,509	\$390	),877	\$281	,274	\$2,0	82,660
Liabilities: Derivatives (Other long-term								
liabilities)	\$	_	\$	311	\$		\$	311
Total liabilities	\$	_	\$	311	\$	_	\$	311

## Cash Equivalents

All highly liquid investments with initial maturities of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents, and principally valued using quoted prices for identical assets in markets that are not active.

## Short-Term Investments and Investment Securities

Equity securities and debt securities classified as Level 1 assets are valued using unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets with sufficient volume and frequency of transactions.

Level 2 assets comprise principally debt securities, which are valued using quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, or quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active.

Non-marketable securities classified as Level 3 assets are valued based on unobservable inputs as the market for the assets was not active at the measurement date. The fair value is determined by using a valuation technique, such as the discounted cash flow model, which best reflects the nature, characteristics and risks of each asset. These significant unobservable inputs contain discount rates, exit timing and an EBITDA multiple. An increase (decrease) in the discount rates, the later (earlier) exit and a decrease (increase) in the EBITDA multiple would result in a decrease (increase) in the fair value of non-marketable securities.

The Company's Level 3 investment securities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at March 31, 2018 and 2017, amounting to ¥29,815 million (\$281,274 thousand) and ¥49,738 million, respectively, are primarily private equity investments. The valuation technique and significant unobservable inputs are as follows:

		March 31, 2018
Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Range
Discounted cash flows	Discount rate Exit timing EBITDA multiple	20%-30% 2018-2022 3.2x-8x
		March 31, 2017
Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Range
Discounted cash flows	Discount rate Exit timing EBITDA multiple	20%-30% 2017-2020 1.1x-42.2x

#### Derivative Financial Investments

Derivative financial instruments comprise forward exchange contracts, interest rate swaps and others. These derivative instruments are valued using observable market data and classified as Level 2 liabilities.

The following table represents the changes in Level 3 assets measured on a recurring basis for the years ended March 31, 2018 and 2017.

	In mil	lions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
		ears ended March 31	Year ended March 31
	2018	2017	2018
Balance at beginning of year Total gains or losses (realized and unrealized):	¥49,738	¥34,852	\$469,226
Included in earningsIncluded in other	5,964	14,016	56,265
comprehensive income	_ 	1 1 2 2	40.717
Purchases	5,270	1,132	49,717
Sales	(29,479)	(99)	(278,104)
Redemptions  Cancellation of contract  Foreign currency translation	_	_	
adjustments	(1,678)	(163)	(15,830)
Balance at end of year	¥29,815	¥49,738	\$281,274
Changes in unrealized gains or losses relating to instruments still held at end of year: Included in earnings	¥ 399	¥15,051	\$ 3,764

Total gains or losses (realized or unrealized) related to short-term investments and investment securities are primarily included in net sales and operating revenue or gain/loss on private equity investments, in the consolidated statements of income.

#### Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

Non-marketable equity securities with a carrying amount of ¥10,517 million (\$99,217 thousand) were written down to their fair value of ¥10,515 million (\$99,198 thousand), resulting in an other-than-temporary impairment charge of ¥2 million (\$19 thousand), which was included in earnings for the year ended March 31, 2018. For the year ended March 31, 2017, non-marketable equity securities with a carrying amount of ¥9,424 million were written down to their fair value of ¥9,414 million, resulting in an other-than-temporary impairment charge of ¥10 million, which was included in earnings. All impaired non-marketable equity securities were classified as Level 3 assets as the Company uses unobservable inputs such as future cash flows to value these investments.

Long-lived assets (Note 11) and goodwill (Note 12) are also measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. All impaired long-lived assets and goodwill were classified as Level 3 assets as the Company uses unobservable inputs to value these assets. These Level 3 assets are not significant.

#### 23. Derivative Financial Instruments

### (1) Risk Management Policy

The Company utilizes derivative financial instruments in the normal course of business to reduce exposure to fluctuations in interest rates. The Company assesses interest rate risk by continually monitoring changes in the exposure and by evaluating hedging opportunities. The Company does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes. The Company is also exposed to credit-related losses in the event of non-perfomance by counterparties to derivative financial instruments, but it is not expected that any counterparties will fail to meet their obligations, because most of the counterparties are internationally recognized financial institutions and contracts are diversified amongst a number of major financial institutions.

## (2) Risk Management

The Company has exposure to the market risk of changes in interest rates which relates primarily to its debt obligations. The Company principally enters into interest rate swap agreements to manage fluctuations in cash flows resulting from changes in interest rates. Interest rate swaps are used to change floating rates on debt obligations to fixed rates by entering into receive-floating, pay-fixed interest rate swaps under which the Company receives floating interest rate proceeds and makes fixed interest rate payments, thereby effectively creating fixed-rate debt.

#### (3) Cash Flow Hedges

The Company designates interest rate swap agreements as cash flow hedges for variability of cash flows originating from floating rate borrowings. The effective portion of changes in fair values of derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges of these debt obligations are reported in other comprehensive income (loss). These amounts are reclassified into current income in the same period that hedged items affect current income. The ineffective portion of changes in fair values are reported in income immediately.

#### (4) Derivative Instruments Not Designated as Hedges

The Company enters into interest rate swap agreements to reduce exposure to fluctuations in interest rates relating primarily to debt obligations and other agreements. Changes in fair value of these derivative financial instruments, which are not designated as hedges, are reported in current income.

Fair values of derivative instruments reflected in the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments

		In millio	ns of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
		1	March 31	March 31
	Location	2018	2017	2018
Assets:				
Forward exchange contract	Other current assets	¥ 0	¥ 2	\$ 0
Liabilities:				•
Interest rate swaps	Other long-term liabilities	33	59	311

Effects of derivative instruments on the consolidated statements of income for the years ended March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

Gains (losses) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) into income (effective portion)

	(0		In million	In thousands of U.S. dollars	
				s ended Narch 31	Year ended March 31
	Location	2018	2017	2016	2018
Interest rate swaps	Other income	¥—	¥	¥14	\$—
Derivatives not des	ignated as hedgir	ng instru	uments In million	ıs of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
Derivatives not des	ignated as hedgir	ng instru	In million Year	s of yen s ended March 31	
Derivatives not des	ignated as hedgir  Location	ng instru	In million Year	s ended	U.S. dollars Year ended
Forward exchange contract Interest rate swaps	3		In million Year	s ended Narch 31	U.S. dollars Year ended March 31

#### 24. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

The Company has commitments outstanding at March 31, 2018 for the purchase of property, plant and equipment of approximately ¥2,061 million (\$19,443 thousand).

The Company provides guarantees to third parties mainly with respect to bank loans extended to its affiliated companies and other entities. Such guarantees are provided to enhance the credit standing of the affiliated companies and other entities. For each guarantee provided, the Company would have to perform under the guarantee if the affiliated companies and other entities default on a payment within the guaranteed period of one to five years. The maximum amount of undiscounted payments the Company would have to make in the event of default amounts to ¥1,853 million (\$17,481 thousand) at March 31, 2018. The carrying amounts of the liabilities recognized as the Company's obligations under these guarantees at March 31, 2018 and 2017 were deemed insignificant.

It is not anticipated that damages, if any, resulting from legal actions will have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

## 25. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

Supplemental cash flow information is as follows:

	In thousands of U.S. dollars		
	Years ended March 31	Year ended March 31	
2018	2017	2016	2018
¥ 1,278	¥ 1,379	¥ 1,408	\$ 12,057
55,970	40,165	38,832	528,019
6,355	6,035	2,543	59,953
_	_	_	_
34,570	_	188,136	326,132
(8,020)	_	(107,136)	(75,660)
26,550	_	81,000	250,472
(2,654)	_	(11,565)	(25,038)
¥23,896	¥ —	¥ 69,435	\$225,434
	¥ 1,278 55,970 6,355 — 34,570 (8,020) 26,550 (2,654)	2018 2017  ¥ 1,278 ¥ 1,379 55,970 40,165  6,355 6,035  — —  34,570 — (8,020) —  26,550 — (2,654) —	¥ 1,278     ¥ 1,379     ¥ 1,408       55,970     40,165     38,832       6,355     6,035     2,543       —     —     188,136       (8,020)     —     (107,136)       26,550     —     81,000       (2,654)     —     (11,565)

In thousands of

#### 26. Segment Information

The Company discloses financial and descriptive information about the Company's reportable operating segments. The operating segments reported below are the segments of the Company for which separate financial information is available and for which operating profit/loss amounts are evaluated regularly by management in deciding how to allocate resources and assess performance.

The Company has seven reportable business segments: security services, fire protection services, medical services, insurance services, geographic information services, BPO and ICT services, and real estate and other services.

The Company changed the designation of information and communication related services, which focused primarily on ICT related services and data center services, to BPO and ICT services with the acquisition of TMJ, Inc., a subsidiary newly consolidated from October 2017. The Company acquired all shares in TMJ, Inc. which provides various BPO related services including operation of call center services with the aim of expanding its business capabilities through integrating BPO related services with existing information and communication related services. Reportable segments are not reclassified by this change.

The security services segment provides various types of security services by utilizing the Company's unique security systems and manufacturing and selling security merchandise. The fire protection services segment provides various types of fire protection equipment, such as automatic fire alarm and fire extinguishing and other fire protection systems for office buildings, plants, tunnels, ships, residences and cultural monuments. The medical services segment provides intravenous solutions to patients at home, home-based nursing care services, medical data transmission services by utilizing the Company's network and leasing of real estate for medical institutions. In addition, the VIE, of which the Company is the primary beneficiary manage hospitals and health care-related institutions. The insurance services segment includes the non-life insurance-related underwriting business in the Japanese market. The geographic information services segment includes surveying and measuring services and GIS services. The BPO and ICT services segment includes various BPO related services, data center services, business continuity plan support, information security services and cloud services. The real estate and other services segment includes development and sales of condominiums equipped with security and contingency planning features, leasing of real estate, construction and installation services and other services.

Corporate expenses consist principally of general and administrative expenses of the planning, personnel and administrative departments of the parent company and administrative departments of the foreign holding company.

Intersegment sales are priced on a basis intended to approximate amounts charged to unaffiliated customers.

Identifiable assets are those assets used exclusively in the operations of each segment or which are allocated when used jointly. Corporate assets, which are held by the parent company and the foreign holding company for general and administrative facilities, consist principally of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, investment securities, land, buildings and improvements, machinery, equipment and automobiles

Information by business and geographic segments for the years ended and as of March 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

## (1) Business Segment Information

		lions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars	
		Y	ears ended March 31	Year ended March 31
	2018	2017	2016	2018
Net sales and operating revenue: Security services—				
External customersIntersegment	¥ 562,272 3,144	¥ 543,524 ¥ 2,968	≨ 505,058 3,028	\$ 5,304,453 29,660
	565,416	546,492	508,086	5,334,113
Fire protection services— External customersIntersegment	136,559 4,170	126,232 3,459	131,743 3,764	1,288,292 39,340
	140,729	129,691	135,507	1,327,632
Medical services— External customers Intersegment	175,318 185	168,819 182	163,538 178	1,653,943 1,745
	175,503	169,001	163,716	1,655,688
Insurance services— External customersIntersegment	44,683 3,034	43,780 3,094	40,654 2,945	421,538 28,623
	47,717	46,874	43,599	450,161
Geographic information services—	F0 00¢	F1.600	F2 FF2	400.245
External customers Intersegment	50,906 176	51,609 231	52,553 183	480,245 1,660
- Intersegnent	51,082	51,840	52,736	481,905
BPO and ICT services— External customers Intersegment	69,569 7,275 76,844	49,681 7,126 56,807	48,294 7,550 55,844	656,311 68,632 724,943
Real estate and other services—	70,044	30,007	33,011	724,543
External customersIntersegment	43,485 2,004	47,616 1,923	41,588 2,479	410,236 18,906
	45,489	49,539	44,067	429,142
Total Eliminations	1,102,780 (19,988)	1,050,244 (18,983)	1,003,555 (20,127)	10,403,584 (188,566)
Total net sales and operating revenue	¥1,082,792	¥1,031,261	∮ 983,428	\$10,215,018

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Years ended March 31         Year ended March 31         2016         201           Operating income (loss):         \$2018         2017         2016         201         201         201         301         302 <td< th=""><th>ars</th></td<>	ars
Operating income (loss):         Security services         ¥116,639         ¥112,734         ¥110,919         \$1,100,36           Fire protection services         15,760         13,129         13,654         148,67           Medical services         4,090         1,732         2,921         38,58           Insurance services         6,233         7,289         6,842         58,80           Geographic information services         1,923         (944)         (268)         18,14           BPO and ICT services         8,241         7,288         308         77,74           Real estate and other services         6,920         5,241         4,900         65,28           Total         159,806         146,469         139,276         1,507,60           Corporate expenses and eliminations         (16,971)         (16,291)         (20,371)         (160,10           Operating income         ¥142,835         ¥130,178         ¥118,905         \$1,347,50	
Security services         ¥116,639         ¥112,734         ¥110,919         \$1,100,36           Fire protection services         15,760         13,129         13,654         148,67           Medical services         4,090         1,732         2,921         38,58           Insurance services         6,233         7,289         6,842         58,80           Geographic information services         1,923         (944)         (268)         18,14           BPO and ICT services         8,241         7,288         308         77,74           Real estate and other services         6,920         5,241         4,900         65,28           Total         159,806         146,469         139,276         1,507,60           Corporate expenses and eliminations         (16,971)         (16,291)         (20,371)         (160,10           Operating income         ¥142,835         ¥130,178         ¥118,905         \$1,347,50	18
services         15,760         13,129         13,654         148,67           Medical services         4,090         1,732         2,921         38,58           Insurance services         6,233         7,289         6,842         58,80           Geographic information services         1,923         (944)         (268)         18,14           BPO and ICT services         8,241         7,288         308         77,74           Real estate and other services         6,920         5,241         4,900         65,28           Total         159,806         146,469         139,276         1,507,60           Corporate expenses and eliminations         (16,971)         (16,291)         (20,371)         (160,10           Operating income         ¥142,835         ¥130,178         ¥118,905         \$1,347,50	8
Insurance services         6,233         7,289         6,842         58,80           Geographic information services         1,923         (944)         (268)         18,14           BPO and ICT services         8,241         7,288         308         77,74           Real estate and other services         6,920         5,241         4,900         65,28           Total         159,806         146,469         139,276         1,507,60           Corporate expenses and eliminations         (16,971)         (16,291)         (20,371)         (160,10           Operating income         ¥142,835         ¥130,178         ¥118,905         \$1,347,50	
BPO and ICT services       8,241       7,288       308       77,74         Real estate and other services       6,920       5,241       4,900       65,28         Total       159,806       146,469       139,276       1,507,60         Corporate expenses and eliminations       (16,971)       (16,291)       (20,371)       (160,10         Operating income       ¥142,835       ¥130,178       ¥118,905       \$1,347,50	
Total         159,806         146,469         139,276         1,507,60           Corporate expenses and eliminations         (16,971)         (16,291)         (20,371)         (160,10           Operating income         ¥142,835         ¥130,178         ¥118,905         \$1,347,50	
Corporate expenses and eliminations	3
and eliminations	)4
	)4)
Other in come 10.720 10.125 7.670 104.33	0
Other income	
Income before income taxes and equity in net income of affiliated companies	17
In thousands of In millions of yen U.S. dolla	
March 31 March 3	31
<b>2018</b> 2017 <b>201</b>	18
Assets: \$\text{Security services} \times 727,449 \times 707,640 \$ 6,862,72\$ Fire protection	26
services       159,114       148,642       1,501,07         Medical services       180,594       185,799       1,703,71         Insurance services       233,618       230,455       2,203,94         Geographic information	7
services       69,306       69,042       653,83         BPO and ICT services       149,553       115,537       1,410,87         Real estate and other services       145,289       130,365       1,370,65	
Total	7
Total assets	77 51 19 96

		In m	illions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
	Years ended March 31			Year ended March 31
	2018	2017	2016	2018
Depreciation and				
amortization:				
Security services	¥54,091	¥54,770	¥ 50,007	\$510,292
Fire protection				
services	2,128	1,837	1,663	20,075
Medical services	8,675	8,433	8,293	81,840
Insurance services	1,808	1,521	1,319	17,057
Geographic information				
services	2,540	3,011	2,998	23,962
BPO and ICT services	7,813	6,824	6,592	73,708
Real estate and				
other services	1,066	868	951	10,057
Total	78,121	77,264	71,823	736,991
Corporate items	834	919	658	7,868
Total depreciation				
and amortization	¥78,955	¥78,183	¥ 72,481	\$744,859
	,	,	,	
Capital expenditure:				
Security services	¥44,404	¥39,956	¥130,686	\$418,906
Fire protection				
services	3,910	4,678	5,026	36,887
Medical services	5,276	9,646	14,908	49,774
Insurance services	1,900	2,087	2,307	17,925
Geographic information				
services	1,701	1,904	2,124	16,047
BPO and ICT services	31,987	7,686	7,708	301,764
Real estate and				
other services	1,690	233	229	15,943
Total	90,868	66,190	162,988	857,246
Corporate items	349	856	409	3,292
Total capital				
expenditures	¥91,217	¥67,046	¥163,397	\$860,538
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The capital expenditures in the above table represent the additions to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets of each segment. The Company has no single customer that accounts for more than 10

percent of total revenues.

The following table is a breakdown of security services revenue to external customers by service category. The security services business is managed as a single operating segment by the Company's management.

	In millions of yen			In thousands of U.S. dollars
		Years ended March 31		Year ended March 31
	2018	2017	2016	2018
Electronic security services Other security services: Static guard	¥341,157	¥338,744	¥330,843	\$3,218,462
services Armored car	59,030	56,417	55,907	556,887
services Merchandise and	61,089	57,873	32,990	576,311
other	100,996	90,490	85,318	952,793
Total security services	¥562,272	¥543,524	¥505,058	\$5,304,453

#### (2) Geographic Segment Information

Net sales and operating revenue attributed to countries based on the geographical location of customers for the years ended 2018, 2017 and 2016 and long-lived assets as of March 31, 2018 and 2017 were as follows:

In millions of yen			In thousands of U.S. dollars	
			Years ended March 31	Year ended March 31
	2018	2017	2016	2018
Net sales and operating revenue:				
Japan	034,228 48,564	¥ 985,366 45,895	¥936,392 47,036	\$ 9,756,868 458,151
Total ¥1,0	082,792	¥1,031,261	¥983,428	\$10,215,019
		In m	nillions of yen	In thousands of U.S. dollars
			March 31	March 31
		2018	2017	2018
Long-lived assets: Japan Other		¥629,069 11,239	¥606,302 10,558	\$5,934,613 106,028
Total		¥640,308	¥616,860	\$6,040,641

There are no individually material countries other than Japan with respect to net sales and operating revenue and long-lived assets.

## 27. Subsequent Events

The Company entered into a share transfer agreement in July 2018 to sell certain investment securities held by a consolidated subsidiary, Westec Security Group Inc. This transaction will generate a gain on sales of securities, which will be included in gains on private equity investments in the consolidated financial statements for the year ending March 31, 2019. The amount of the gain is under calculation.

## **Independent Auditors' Report**



The Board of Directors and Shareholders SECOM CO., LTD.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of SECOM CO., LTD. and its subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2018 and 2017, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended March 31, 2018, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

## Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of SECOM CO., LTD. and its subsidiaries as of March 31, 2018 and 2017 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended March 31, 2018, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

#### **Convenience Translations**

The U.S. dollar amounts in the accompanying consolidated financial statements with respect to the year ended March 31, 2018 are presented solely for convenience. Our audit also included the translation of yen amounts into U.S. dollar amounts and, in our opinion, such translation has been made on the basis described in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

KPMG AZSA LLC

Tokyo, Japan July 30, 2018